

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (A Component Unit of the County of Riverside) Riverside, California



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Submitted by: Jason Uhley General Manager-Chief Engineer

Jeanine J. Rey Finance Director

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (A Component Unit of the County of Riverside) Riverside, California

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Ortega Storm Drain (After)



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RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

October 25, 2017

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens served by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. The Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (District) is a component unit of the County of Riverside, California. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Pun Group, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. Management's discussion and analysis complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The District, formed in 1945 by an Act of the State Legislature, is located in the southern part of the state within the County of Riverside, which boasts the 11th largest cumulative numeric increase in population in the country. The District currently occupies 2,677 square miles and serves a population of approximately 1.98 million. The District is divided into seven geographic zones and is empowered to levy property or special assessment tax on both real and personal property located within the boundaries of each zone. Taxes collected within each zone must be spent for flood control projects within, or proportionally beneficial to, that zone.

The County of Riverside, Board of Supervisors, ex officio, has been the District's governing body since 1945. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Board, consisting of five members elected on a non-partisan basis. Board members serve staggered four-year terms with member seats opening for election on an alternating basis. The Board of Supervisors appoints the District's General Manager-Chief Engineer, who in turn appoints the heads of the various divisions within the District.

¹ Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2016

Additionally, the Board of Supervisors appoints three Zone Commissioners to each zone. The Zone Commissioners act as an advisory body to the Board of Supervisors by prioritizing the need for new flood control facilities within a zone based on requests from citizens, cities and other agencies within the zone boundaries, and making budget recommendations for new or pending projects in the upcoming fiscal year.

The District provides a full range of services, including the design and construction of flood control facilities; regulatory services which fulfill legal requirements associated with federal and state programs that relate to District activities; surveying and mapping services; watershed protection services; planning services that relate to land development, and provide for the public's health and safety by contributing to orderly development and growth within the County; the operation and maintenance of the District's fleet and facilities, land interests, and encroachment issues; information technology services providing technical support to the District staff; and administrative services providing clerical, financial and personnel support to the District staff.

The Board of Supervisors is required to adopt by resolution a final budget for the County of Riverside, including all districts, agencies and authorities governed by the Board of Supervisors, no later than October 2nd of each year pursuant to Sections 29080 through 29092 of the Government Code. The Board of Supervisors adopted the District's 2017 fiscal year budget on September 27, 2016. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. The District's budget is prepared by fund and class or appropriation level (e.g., salaries and benefits, services and supplies) within each category present on the financial statements. The District may transfer resources between appropriation levels within the same fund at their discretion and with approval by the County of Riverside Executive Office. Increase of resources or establishment of a new appropriation level requires approval by the Board of Supervisors.

Local Economy

The District oversees the western portion of the Riverside County which includes twenty-two cities and unincorporated county communities west of the San Jacinto and Santa Rosa Mountains. Riverside County is California's fourth largest populated county according to the State Department of Finance. It represents 6.0% of California's total population.² Riverside County is part of a larger area known as Southern California's Inland Empire, comprised of Riverside and San Bernardino counties. It is approximately 60 miles from north to south and some 50 miles wide. Major industries located within the Riverside County include government, retail trade, educational and health services, leisure and hospitality, and construction.

From June 2016 to June 2017, approximately 22,700 (1.2%) residents found jobs either locally or in Southern California's coastal counties. The June 2017 unemployment rate of 5.5% was down slightly from the 6.3% reported in June 2016. The number of unemployed fell by -14,200 (-11.4%) largely because an extra 8,500 people were looking for employment.³ The 2017 gain has been led by construction (18,100), logistics (11,617), eating & drinking (3,800) and health care (3,700). Local governments grew by 500 positions as a result of improved budget positions. ⁴ This reflects a constant upward trend in job growth for local government employment.

Over the past ten years, the District's expenses related to the construction and maintenance of flood control facilities have not only increased in amount, but have also increased as a percentage of total expenses (a ten-year increase of 87.2%). This increase in construction and maintenance costs as a percentage of total expenses coincides with an increase of total expenses (a ten-year increase of 22.5%). Maintenance costs for the current fiscal year ended have decreased by 3% from the prior year.

² Source: State of California, Department of Finance, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State with Annual Percentage Change – January 1, 2016 and 2017. Sacramento, CA, May 2017

³ Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Force Data – June 2016 and June 2017.

⁴ Source: Inland Empire Quarterly Economic Report, July 2017

With the fluctuation of the economy, the District continues to follow a moderate construction schedule. The District's practice has been to accumulate monies for large projects, while maintaining a prudent reserve for operations and maintenance.

During this same ten-year period, charges for services increased, both in amount and as a percentage of total revenues (reflecting a ten-year increase of 6.7%).

Long-term Financial Planning

Timely project development is facilitated by the District's five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) which provides a long-range plan for funding of designated flood control and drainage infrastructure projects. The CIP details revenues and expenditures anticipated for each project for a five-year period. The CIP is an internal document and is provided as information in the District's annual budget. The CIP does not contain all projects that need to be completed, but rather those projects that will be initiated during the prescribed five-year period.

Relevant Financial Policies

The District's cash and investments, stated at fair value, are on account with and pooled with other governmental agencies by the County of Riverside Treasurer for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. U.S. Bank Corporate Trust Services serves as the District's fiscal agent for special assessment debt and cash reserves. See *Note 2* in the *Notes to Financial Statements* section of this report for more detailed information.

Major Initiatives

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District issued notices of completion for three projects totaling over \$37.9 million dollars in construction costs. At the close of the fiscal year, the District had five construction contracts in progress totaling an additional \$23 million dollars. The majority of these projects are estimated for completion by the end of calendar year 2017.

The following District-administered flood control project contracts were completed during, or were under construction during the fiscal year 2016-2017:

Facilities	Status	Construction Cost
Romoland MDP Line A, Stages 4,5 & 6, Homeland MDP	Notice of Completion	
Line 1, Briggs Basin, Romoland MDP LinesA-2 and A-3	August 23, 2016	\$ 26,777,777
	Notice of Completion	
Hemet MDP Line C, Stage 4	August 23, 2016	\$ 4,838,414
Santa Ana Canyon – Below Prado – Inland Empire Brine Line	Notice of Completion	
Protection Project	October 4, 2016	\$ 6,307,935
Homeland MDP Line 1, Stage 1	In Progress	\$ 14,344,444
University Wash Channel, Stage 3	In Progress	\$ 3,044,500
Banning MDP Line D-2, Stages 1 and 2, Lateral D-2A, Stage	In Progress	\$ 3,133,777
Monroe MDP – Monroe Channel, Stage 4	In Progress	\$ 2,489,067

Especially notable among the fiscal year 2016-2017 projects is the three-mile Romoland Line A Channel and the Briggs Road Basin construction contract. This \$27 million dollar contract is the largest single contract the District has ever issued.

Romoland Line A's follow-on stage, the \$14.3 million Homeland Line 1 and Juniper Flats Basin contract, completed most of the area's major infrastructure. The County of Riverside is working to achieve "smart growth". Namely, ensuring that infrastructure is constructed concurrently with the new development rather than retrofitted afterward. Therefore, new development will design the smaller drainage infrastructure necessary for each site plan.

University Wash Channel, a \$3 million dollar project, will provide flood hazard mitigation to the commercial and industrial businesses directly south of the I-91 and I-215 junction within the city of Riverside. The project extends the existing University Wash channel upstream of Spruce Street to the intersection of Massachusetts Avenue and Durahart Street.

The Banning MDP Line D-2 and Lateral D-2A project is constructing over one mile of underground storm drain that will help collect the runoff from the local streets and reduce flooding at the intersection of Ramsey and Hargrave Streets. The system collects water west of the intersection of Hargrave Street and Indian School Land and conveys it in an underground storm drain southerly along Hargrave Street collecting more surface runoff until it drains into the existing Ramsey Street storm drain.

The Monroe Channel project is a \$2.4 million dollar cooperative project with the City of Riverside to replace a City maintained existing open channel with a District maintained underground reinforced concrete box. The District designed the project to reduce flood risk along Monroe Street between California Avenue and Magnolia Avenue, and to accommodate future City enhancements, which will convert a portion of the channel alignment to a functional recreational paseo.

Additionally, the District continued to collaborate with the Cities of Norco, Moreno Valley, San Jacinto, and Riverside to deliver priority infrastructure. Utilizing District funding, provided through Board-approved cooperative agreements, these Cities are managing design and construction of significant flood control projects.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twenty-sixth consecutive year that the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration divisions. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the District who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. A special thanks to Darrylenn Prudholme-Brockington, Principal Accountant, for her efforts in the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Board of Supervisors, for their unfailing support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the District's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

JASON UHLEY

General Manager-Chief Engineer

JEANINE J. REY

Jeanine J. Ley

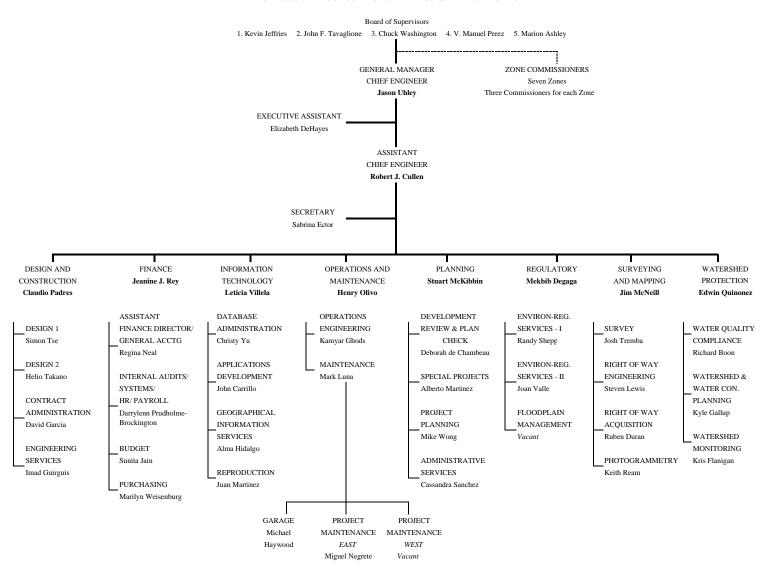
Finance Director

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

List of Principal Officials

TITLE	NAME
Board of Supervisors	Kevin Jeffries, 1 st District
Board of Supervisors	John F. Tavaglione, 2 nd District
Board of Supervisors	Chuck Washington, Vice Chairman, 3 rd District
Board of Supervisors	V. Manuel Perez, 4 th District
Board of Supervisors	Marion Ashley, Chairman, 5th District
General Manager-Chief Engineer	Jason Uhley
Assistant Chief Engineer	Robert J. Cullen
Chief of Design & Construction	Claudio Padres
Chief of Operations & Maintenance	Henry Olivo
Chief of Planning	Stuart McKibbin
Chief of Regulatory	Mekbib Degaga
Chief of Surveying & Mapping	Jim McNeill
Chief of Watershed Protection	Edwin Quinonez
Finance Director	Jeanine J. Rey
Information Technology Officer	Leticia G. Villela

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

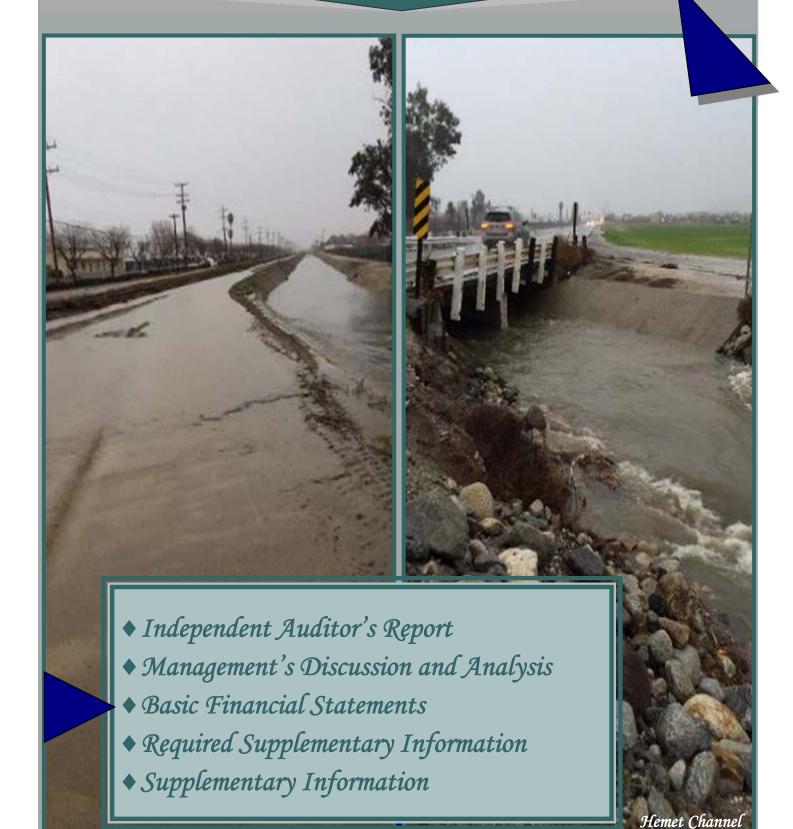
Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Riverside, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Supervisors of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Riverside, California Page Two

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios during the Measurement Period – Retirement Program, the Schedule of Plan Contributions – Retirement Program, the Schedules of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits – OPEB, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for each major fund on pages 5 through 15 and 57 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, and the Introductory and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

To the Board of Supervisors of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Riverside, California Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Red Group, UP

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California October 25, 2017

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report. All monetary amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in the nearest dollar.

Financial Highlights

- ◆ The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,146,663,348 (net position).
- ♦ The District's total net position increased by \$29,163,286. Approximately 29 percent of this increase is attributable to the addition of donated capital assets, i.e., infrastructure and land, net of investment related expenses.
- The (\$35,022,532) deficit reported in unrestricted net position is the result of the District's unfunded pension liability.
- ◆ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$225,413,246, an increase of \$19,072,265 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 1% of this amount (\$1,672,814) is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- ♦ At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$2,923,551, or 43 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general government and public ways and facilities. The business-type activities of the District include subdivision operations, photogrammetry operations and encroachment permits.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources, available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special revenue funds, both of which are considered to be major funds. The capital project fund and the debt service fund, nonmajor funds, are presented as *Other Governmental Funds* in the basic governmental fund financial statements.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-25 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses *enterprise funds* to account for its subdivision, photogrammetry and encroachment permit operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses internal service funds to account for its hydrology, garage, project maintenance, mapping services and data processing. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the subdivision operation, which is considered to be a major fund of the District. Data from the other two enterprise funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report. Conversely, the five internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its proprietary funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 30 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-56 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's schedule of changes in the net pension liability during the

measurement period reported, schedule of plan contributions, progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 57-72 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 73-90 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

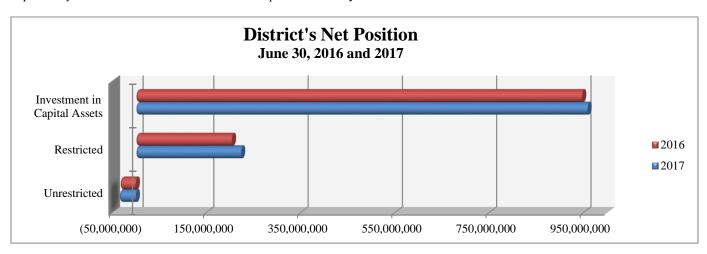
As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,146,663,348 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (84 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land and easements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to prevent and to protect citizens from flooding within the District's zone boundaries; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

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	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 241,681,359	\$ 227,714,177	\$ 5,465,178	\$ 5,592,303	\$ 247,146,537	\$ 233,306,480	
Capital Assets, Net	978,941,321	969,703,330	1,203	2,062	978,945,524	969,705,392	
Total Assets	1,220,622,680	1,197,417,507	5,466,381	5,594,365	1,226,089,061	1,203,011,872	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	16,762,958	9,343,131	564,671	317,186	17,327,629	9,660,317	
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	78,006,800	68,151,306	1,898,960	1,496,539	79,905,760	69,647,845	
Other Liabilities	7,916,099	13,983,503	3,557,513	3,405,317	11,473,612	17,388,820	
Total Liabilities	85,922,899	82,134,809	5,456,473	4,901,856	91,379,372	87,036,665	
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	5,195,194	7,867,517	178,776	267,945	5,373,970	8,135,462	
Net Position:							
Investment in Capital Assets	958,272,693	946,872,380	1,203	2,062	958,273,896	946,874,442	
Restricted	223,393,548	203,985,529	-	-	223,411,984	203,985,529	
Unrestricted	(35,417,132)	(34,099,597)	394,600	739,688	(35,022,532)	(33,359,909)	
Total Net Position	\$1,146,267,545	\$1,116,758,312	\$ 395,803	\$ 741,750	\$1,146,663,348	\$1,117,500,062	

An additional portion of the District's net position (19 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. As noted earlier, the deficit balance of (\$35,022,532) reported in unrestricted net position (-3 percent) is primarily the result of the District's unfunded pension liability.



The District's overall net position increased \$29,163,286 from the prior fiscal year. The District experienced a net increase primarily due to increased investments in capital assets.

Governmental activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for the Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$29,509,233 from the prior fiscal year, thereby accounting for 101 percent of the total increase in net position for the District. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

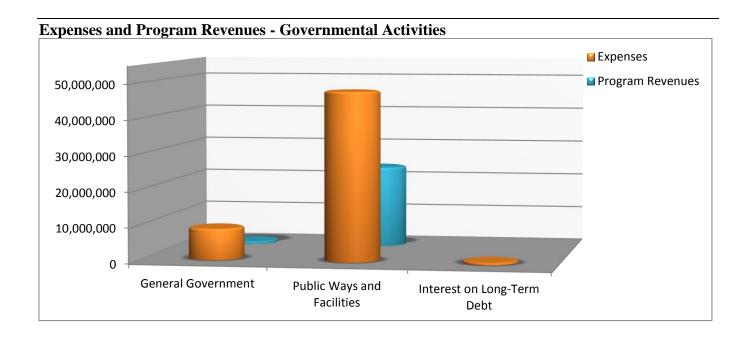
District's Changes in Net Position

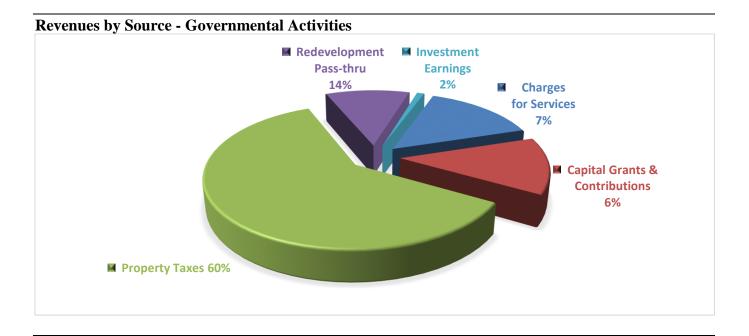
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	To	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 12,756,332 11,527,462	\$ 4,890,830 4,523,592	\$ 1,833,241	\$ 1,944,557 -	\$ 14,589,573 11,527,462	\$ 6,835,387 4,523,592		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes Redevelopment Pass-thru Unrestricted Interest and	53,020,304 9,525,828	49,853,930 9,513,935	-		53,050,304 9,525,828	49,853,930 9,513,935		
Investment Earnings (Loss)	805,351	1,351,517	46,098	51,112	851,449	1,402,629		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	83,706	140,453	1 070 220	1.005.660	83,706	140,453		
Total Revenues	87,718,983	70,274,257	1,879,339	1,995,669	89,598,322	72,269,926		
Expenses:								
General Government	8,994,421	4,872,596	-	-	8,994,421	4,872,596		
Public Ways and Facilities	48,541,357	50,921,477	-	-	48,541,357	50,921,477		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	673,972	739,327	-	-	673,972	739,327		
Subdivision Operations	-	-	1,913,763	1,843,734	1,913,763	1,843,734		
Photogrammetry Operations Encroachment Permits	-	-	194,301 117,222	163,737 170,820	194,301 117,222	163,737 170,820		
Total Expenses	58,209,750	56,533,400	2,225,286	2,178,291	59,723,536	58,711,691		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position before Transfers	29,509,233	13,740,857	(345,947)	(182,622)	29,163,286	13,558,235		
Transfers	29,309,233	21,296	(343,947)	(21,296)	29,103,280	13,336,233		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	29.509.233	13,762,153	(345,947)	(203,918)	29,163,286	13,558,235		
Net Position - Beginning	1,116,758,312	1,102,996,159	741,750	945,668	1,117,500,062	1,103,941,827		
Net Position - Ending	\$1,146,267,545	\$1,116,758,312	\$ 395,803	\$ 741,750	\$1,147,663,348	\$1,117,500,062		

♦ Historically, ongoing revenues have exceeded expenses as a percentage of net position by approximately less than 1.0 to 4.0 percent in a given fiscal year. During the year, overall revenues increased by 25 percent due to an increase of donated capital assets of 514 percent. This increase is due to an increase of previously donated capital assets being placed in service during the current fiscal year. Ongoing revenues continued to exceed expenses by \$17,981,771 (2% as a percentage of net position).

For the most part, increases and decreases in expenses paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. Noteworthy exceptions include the following:

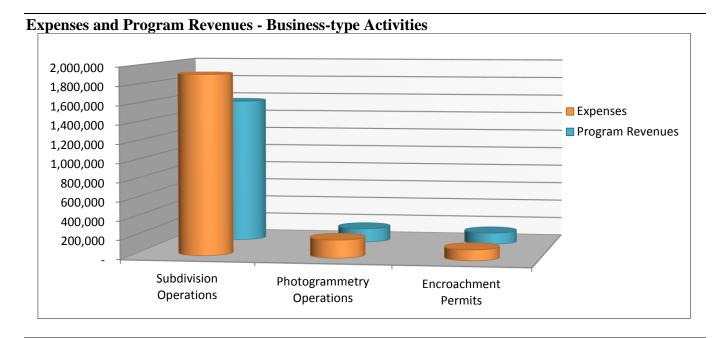
- ♦ An increase in Capital Grants and Contributions revenue of \$7,003,870 (155 percent) associated with donated capital assets (infrastructure and land in various zones) being placed in service.
- ♦ An increase in Charges for Services revenue of \$7,865,502 (161 percent) largely associated with an increase in intergovernmental revenue recognized during the current fiscal year.

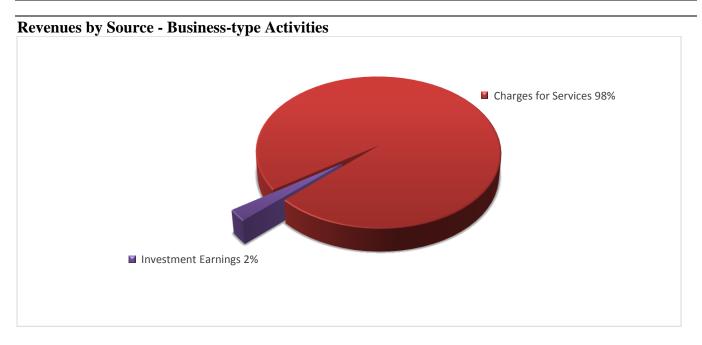




Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the District's net position by \$345,947. Key elements of the decrease are as follows.

• Overall charges for services for business-type activities decreased by 6 percent while expenses increased by 2 percent from the previous fiscal year. Historically, increases and decreases in charges for services and expenses are development related and will vary based on development activity within the County of Riverside. Development activity within the Subdivision operations has increased by 4 percent over the past year due to fluctuation in the economy. Normal operating expenses closely paralleled inflation and the overall increase in the demand for services for this fiscal year.





Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, restricted, assigned and unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$225,413,246 an increase of \$19,072,265 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of this total amount (\$222,422,095) constitutes *restricted fund balances*, which reflect resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions that arise when the authorization to raise revenues is conditioned upon the revenue being used for a particular purpose, e.g., maintenance and construction of flood control facilities within designated zone boundaries. *Unassigned fund balance* (\$1,672,814) reflects

surplus resources in the District's general fund that are available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *assigned fund balance* (\$1,250,737) and reflects resources that the District intends to use to fund accrued compensated absence liabilities as required and *nonspendable fund balance* (\$67,600) for imprest cash and prepaid items.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,672,814, while total fund balance reached \$2,924,151. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 25 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 43 percent of that same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the District's general fund decreased by \$409,419. The decrease in fund balance is a result of increased expenditures. General government expenditures increased by \$1,824,818 largely due to increases in salaries and benefits related to cost of living increases, pay increases, and the payment of pension related liabilities.

The special revenue funds account for the following:

- Revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control facilities maintenance and the design and construction of flood control facilities within defined geographical areas Zone 1 through Zone 7 (zone funds).
- ♦ Revenues and expenditures related to the administration of and compliance with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) regulations for the Whitewater, Santa Ana and Santa Margarita benefit assessment areas (NPDES funds).

The zone funds had an aggregate fund balance of \$211,768,813 at the end of the current fiscal year. The aggregate net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$19,053,613. Key factors in the aggregate net increase are as follows:

- ♦ Zone 1 reported a fund balance of \$27,380,893 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$2,235,770. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 94 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.
 - In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects a decrease of approximately 15 percent (\$406,263). Overall revenues increased (\$800,552) as a result of increases in property tax revenue (\$423,962), redevelopment revenue (\$438,742) and area drainage fees (\$302,809). These increases offset decreases in intergovernmental revenue (\$200,500), charges for services (\$69,495), investment earnings (\$40,208), and use of assets from the lease of land (\$54,758). Additionally, expenditures increased (\$1,084,853) due largely in part to decreases in construction activity during the current fiscal year.
- ♦ Zone 2 reported a fund balance of \$77,881,515 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$7,677,794. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 97 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.
 - In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 673 percent (\$6,684,040). Overall revenues increased (\$45,204) as a result of increases in property tax revenue (\$795,559) and area drainage fees (\$72,928). These increases offset decreases in redevelopment revenue (\$696,812), intergovernmental revenue (\$766), charges for services (\$6,381), and investment earnings (\$119,323). Additionally, expenditures decreased (\$6,814,946) as a result of decreased construction activity during the current fiscal year.
- ♦ Zone 3 reported a fund balance of \$11,463,366 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$720,620. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 97 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 8 percent (\$51,517). Overall revenues increased (\$138,422) as a result of increases in property tax revenue (\$92,197), redevelopment revenue (\$64,838), and charges for services revenue (\$1,914). These increases offset decreases in intergovernmental

revenue (\$260) and investment earnings (\$20,267). Additionally, expenditures increased (\$53,419) due largely in part to the increased professional service fees to support operations during the fiscal year.

♦ Zone 4 reported a fund balance of \$44,633,138 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$3,802,248. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 63 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 110 percent (\$40,395,145). Overall revenues increased (\$9,787,015) as a result of increases in property tax revenue (\$989,859), redevelopment revenue (\$112,838), special assessments (\$459), intergovernmental revenue (\$8,127,020), and area drainage fees (\$816,166). These increases offset decreases in charges for services (\$47,450) and investment earnings (\$211,877). Additionally, expenditures decreased (\$32,637,522) due largely in part to decreased construction activity during the fiscal year.

♦ Zone 5 reported a fund balance of \$14,835,125 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$1,583,338. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 98 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects a decrease of approximately 25 percent (\$541,137). Overall revenues increased (\$154,395) as a result of increases in property tax revenue (\$205,059), redevelopment revenue (\$50,627), and intergovernmental revenue (\$195). These increases offset decreases in charges for services (\$73,114), investment earnings (\$21,922), and use of assets from the lease of property (\$6,450). Additionally, expenditures increased (\$655,305) due primarily to increased construction costs related to the Banning MDP construction project.

♦ Zone 6 reported a fund balance of \$14,555,511 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$2,370,491. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 98 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 150 percent (\$7,091,217). Overall revenues increased (\$18,539) due primarily to increases in property tax revenue (\$254,495), redevelopment revenue (\$101,127), and intergovernmental revenue (\$56). These increases offset decrease in charges for services (\$263,286), investment earnings (\$28,957), and use of assets from the lease of property (\$44,896). Additionally, expenditures decreased (\$7,118,869) due largely in part to the decreased construction activity during the current fiscal year.

♦ Zone 7 reported a fund balance of \$21,019,265 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$663,352. Property tax and redevelopment revenues account for approximately 94 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on property values and foreclosures within the zone boundary as well as economic activity within the County of Riverside. Fluctuation in property tax revenues can positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 197 percent (\$1,343,866). Overall revenues decreased (\$4,120) as a result of decreases in redevelopment revenue (\$63,917), charges for services revenue (\$62,500), area drainage fees (\$125,619), and investment earnings (\$50,805). These decreases were offset by increases in property tax revenue (\$298,603) and intergovernmental revenue (\$118). Additionally, expenditures decreased (\$1,440,541) due largely in part to decreased construction activity during the fiscal year.

The NPDES funds had an aggregate fund balance of \$10,701,846 at the end of the current fiscal year. The aggregate net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$427,997. Key factors in the net increase are as follows:

♦ NPDES Whitewater reported a fund balance of \$1,850,319 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$33,582. Special assessment revenues account for approximately 98 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on economic activity in the County of Riverside and

property foreclosures within the watershed boundary. Fluctuation in special assessment revenues could positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the negative change in fund balance reflects a decrease of approximately 110 percent (\$365,397). Overall revenues decreased (\$300,397) due primarily to decreases in special assessments revenue (\$1,772), contributions from other agencies (\$296,112), and investment earnings (\$2,513). Additionally, expenditures increased (\$62,190), due largely in part to an increase in salaries (a 43 percent increase from the prior fiscal year) to meet reporting requirements for federally mandated regulatory compliance programs.

♦ NPDES Santa Ana reported a fund balance of \$6,817,111 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$281,977. Special assessment revenues account for approximately 99 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on economic activity in the County of Riverside and property foreclosures within the watershed boundary. Fluctuation in special assessment revenues could positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects a decrease of approximately 63 percent (\$484,835). Overall revenues decreased (\$521,452) as a result of decreases in special assessments (\$8,054), contributions from other agencies (\$500,000), and investment earnings (\$13,398). Additionally, expenditures decreased (\$34,623) due largely in part to decreases in operational marketing expenses for the storm water/clean water educational programs (205 percent decrease).

♦ NPDES Santa Margarita reported a fund balance of \$2,034,416 at the end of the current fiscal year. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$179,602. Special assessment revenues account for approximately 27 percent of total revenues in this fund and can fluctuate from year to year based on economic activity in the County of Riverside and property foreclosures within the watershed boundary. Fluctuation in special assessment revenues could positively or negatively impact growth in fund balance.

In comparison to the prior year, the positive change in fund balance reflects an increase of approximately 824 percent (\$204,395). Overall revenues increased (\$202,522) as a result of increases in special assessments (\$2,585) and contributions from other agencies (\$205,797). Additionally, expenditures increased (\$2,263) due largely in part to an increase in salaries (a 5 percent increase from the prior fiscal year) to meet reporting requirements for federally mandated regulatory compliance programs.

The nonmajor funds, Flood Control Capital Project Fund and Zone 4 Debt Service Fund, reported an aggregate total fund balance of \$18,436 at the end of the current fiscal year. The aggregate net increase in fund balance during the current year in was \$74. Transfers in are used to offset budgeted capital outlay and debt service costs incurred in any given fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for Subdivision Operations amounted to a deficit of (\$962,662) while Photogrammetry Operations amounted to \$830,610, and Encroachment Permit Operations amounted to \$381,050. The total decrease in net position for Subdivision operations was \$328,509. The total decrease in net position for Photogrammetry operations was \$43,769 while the total increase in net position for Encroachment permit operations was \$9,240. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the District's business-type activities.

Fiduciary Funds. The District maintains fiduciary funds to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the District. The District's agency funds are reported under the fiduciary funds and are primarily used to account for debt without government obligation.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year there were no adjustments made between the original and final amended budget increasing general fund appropriations.

Significant budgetary variances between the final amended budget and the actual amounts are a result of the following components:

- ♦ Total actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$71,370. The \$71,370 variance was due primarily to costs budgeted for capital outlay expenditures that were not purchased during the fiscal year. Budgeted expenditures increased by 29 percent from the prior year. There was a 37 percent increase in actual expenditures from the prior year.
- ♦ Total estimated revenues, including transfers in, exceeded actual revenues by \$155,498. The \$155,498 variance was due in large part to less than anticipated revenues recognized for the reimbursement of services provided by the General Fund. Budgeted charges for services revenues increased by 32 percent from the prior year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$978,942,524 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment of capital assets includes land and easements, construction in progress, infrastructure, land improvements, building and improvements and equipment. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1 percent (a 1 percent increase for governmental activities and a 42 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Capital assets (infrastructure and land) were donated to the District as a result of prior year development within the County; donated infrastructure and land at the end of the current fiscal year was \$8,366,855.
- ♦ A variety of flood control construction projects which began in the prior fiscal year were completed and new construction began; construction in progress at the end of the current fiscal year was \$54,301,812.

District's Capital Assets

	Governmental activities		Business-ty	pe activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Infrastructure	\$ 652,165,739	\$ 616,660,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 652,165,739	\$ 616,660,635	
Land and easements	260,211,025	258,947,023	-	-	260,211,025	258,947,023	
Buildings and improvements	9,299,660	9,581,722	-	-	9,299,660	9,581,722	
Improvements other than buildings	82,487	83,603	-	-	82,487	83,603	
Equipment	2,880,598	3,394,190	1,203	\$2,062	2,881,801	3,396,252	
Construction in progress	54,301,812	81,036,157	-	-	54,301,812	81,036,157	
Total	\$978,941,321	\$969,703,330	\$1,203	\$2,062	\$978,942,524	\$969,705,392	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 45-46 of this report.

Long-term debt. The District Act limits the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue to the lesser of 3.75 percent of assessed valuation or \$21 million. The District had \$20,668,628 in negotiable promissory notes outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year to finance the construction certain flood control facilities located in Zone 4 of the District, including but not limited to the construction of the Romoland MDP Line A, Stage 4 project. The principal of, premium, and interest on the Notes are payable from the revenues and taxes of Zone 4.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's principal source of general-purpose revenue is ad valorem property taxes. The Riverside County Assessor is projecting an approximate 5.0 percent increase in tax revenue on the County assessment roll for the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The District is taking a more conservative approach and estimating an increase of 4.0 percent in tax revenues for the 2017-2018 fiscal year based on the Riverside County Assessor projections and on actual tax revenue received over the last three years.

The District estimates total revenue of \$91.4 million for fiscal year 2017-2018, a decrease of \$8.7 million from fiscal year 2016-2017. The District's appropriation budget for all funds totals \$155.8 million for fiscal year 2017-2018, a decrease of \$24.7 million from the District's fiscal year 2016-2017 adopted budget.

Total estimated revenue for the seven zones is \$64.5 million for the 2017-2018 fiscal year, a decrease of \$8.9 million, or 12 percent, from the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The revenue decrease for fiscal year 2017-2018 is due primarily to the decrease in external project contributions towards design and constructions projects.

The zone budgets for fiscal year 2017-2018 propose appropriations totaling \$123.7 million, a decrease of \$25.2 million, or 16.9 percent, from the prior year budget. This represents 79.4 percent of the District's total appropriations of \$155.8 million. The \$123.7 million in zone appropriations will provide for all District activities in the zones and includes funds for fifty-five (55) capital infrastructure projects, seven (70 water conservation projects and ten (10) uncategorized/ other contributions projects.

Non-zone fund revenues are estimated to be \$26.8 million for fiscal year 2017-2018, an increase of \$0.1 million, or .005 percent from fiscal year 2016-2017. Non-zone fund appropriations are proposed to be \$32 million for fiscal year 2017-2018. This represents an increase of \$0.5 million, or 1.6 percent, from the prior fiscal year's budget.

Appropriations are projected to decrease by \$0.4 million in the General Fund. The Capital Project Fund appropriation is proposed to increase by \$300,000 due to increased Building Upgrade plans. The newly established Debt Service Fund requires \$2.8 million in payments for the Zone 4 promissory notes. Enterprise fund appropriations are expected to increase by \$341,000 based on increased service requests in the Photogrammetry fund and plan check services in the Subdivision Operations fund. Appropriations for the Internal Service funds are proposed to increase by \$304,000 due to increased costs in Riverside County Information Technology departmental services provided to the District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, 1995 Market Street, Riverside, CA 92501.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





CONTENTS

- Government-wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
 - ⇒ Governmental Funds
 - ⇒ Proprietary Funds
 - ⇒ Fiduciary Funds
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 237,240,967	\$ 1,852,238	\$ 239,093,205		
Restricted Cash	1,659,911	3,188,905	4,848,816		
Cash with Fiscal Agent	6	-	6		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,911,271	284,563	2,195,834		
Inventories	276,401	-	276,401		
Net OPEB Asset	665,275	-	665,275		
Prepaid Items	67,000	-	67,000		
Internal Balances	(139,472)	139,472	-		
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable	314,512,837	-	314,512,837		
Depreciable, Net	664,428,484	1,203	664,429,687		
Total Assets	1,220,622,680	5,466,381	1,226,089,061		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	16,762,958	564,671	17,327,629		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,762,958	564,671	17,327,629		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	2,410,851	109,018	2,519,869		
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,562,282	73,195	1,635,477		
Developer and Other Agency Deposits	1,734,350	3,375,223	5,109,573		
Due to Other Governments	1,406,383	77	1,406,460		
Accrued interest payable	302,233	-	302,233		
Unearned Revenue	500,000	-	500,000		
Long-term Liabilities:					
Portion Due Within One Year:					
Compensated Absences	610,704	13,997	624,701		
Promissory Notes	1,980,000	-	1,980,000		
Portion Due in More Than One Year:					
Compensated Absences	3,431,361	79,309	3,510,670		
Promissory Notes	18,688,628	-	18,688,628		
Net Pension Liability	53,296,107	1,805,654	55,101,761		
Total Liabilities	85,922,899	5,456,473	91,379,372		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	5,195,194	178,776	5,373,970		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,195,194	178,776	5,373,970		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	958,272,693	1,203	958,273,896		
Restricted by Enabling Legislation for:					
Capital Projects	18,348	-	18,348		
Debt Service	88	-	88		
Public Ways and Facilities	223,393,548	-	223,393,548		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(35,417,132)	394,600	(35,022,532)		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,146,267,545	\$ 395,803	\$ 1,146,663,348		

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses			Charges for Services		Capital Grants and contributions		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	8,994,421	\$	757,764	\$	-		
Public Ways and Facilities		48,541,357		11,998,568		11,527,462		
Interest on Lon-Term Debt		673,972				<u> </u>		
Total Governmental Activities		58,209,750		12,756,332		11,527,462		
Business-type Activities								
Subdivision Operations		1,913,763		1,557,065		-		
Photogrammetry Operations		194,301		150,117		-		
Encroachment Permits		117,222		126,059				
Total Business-type Activities		2,225,286		1,833,241				
Total	\$	60,435,036	\$	14,589,573	\$	11,527,462		

General Revenues and Transfers:

Property Taxes

Redevelopment Pass-thru

Unrestricted Interest and Investment Earnings

Gain - Sale of Capital Assets

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Net Position, End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	Changes in Net Position	
	Business-	
Governmental	type	
Activities	Activities	Total
(8,236,657)	\$ -	\$ (8,236,657)
(25,015,327)	-	(25,015,327)
(673,972)		(673,972)
(33,925,956)		(33,925,956)
-	(356,698)	(356,698)
-	(44,184)	(44,184)
	8,837	8,837
	(392,045)	(392,045)
(33,925,956)	(392,045)	(34,318,001)
53,020,304	_	53,020,304
9,525,828	-	9,525,828
805,351	46,098	851,449
83,706		83,706
63,435,189	46,098	63,481,287
29,509,233	(345,947)	29,163,286
1 116 750 212	741 750	1 117 500 062
1,116,758,312	741,750	1,117,500,062
\$ 1,146,267,545	\$ 395,803	\$ 1,146,663,348

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

	G	eneral Fund	Zone 1		Zone 2		Zone 3	
ASSETS		_		_		_		_
Cash and Investments	\$	3,478,388	\$	27,787,433	\$	79,345,934	\$	11,564,318
Restricted Cash		1,530,556		44,387		15,511		6,070
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Taxes Receivable		64,784		137,030		244,984		32,213
Accounts Receivable		97,402		151,546		7,604		5,209
Interest Receivable		5,792		36,095		99,852		14,696
Due From Other Funds		14,073		-		-		36
Due From Other Governments		-		73,362		55,475		11,095
Prepaid Items		-						
Total Assets	\$	5,190,995	\$	28,229,853	\$	79,769,360	\$	11,633,637
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	71,351	\$	514,061	\$	134,082	\$	27,724
Salaries and Benefits Payable		498,815		121,613		165,149		85,140
Due to Other Funds		19,215		16,646		15,533		18,163
Developer and Other Agency Deposits		1,589,996		59,387		15,511		6,070
Due to Other Governments		22,683		223		1,312,586		961
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		2,202,060		711,930		1,642,861		138,058
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		64,784		137,030		244,984		32,213
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		64,784		137,030		244,984		32,213
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Imprest Cash		600		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-
Public Ways and Facilities		-		27,380,893		77,881,515		11,463,366
Debt Service								
Assigned to:								
Compensated Absences		1,250,737		-		-		-
Unassigned		1,672,814		_		_		_
Total Fund Balances		2,924,151		27,380,893		77,881,515		11,463,366
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and								
Fund Balances	\$	5,190,995	\$	28,229,853	\$	79,769,360	\$	11,633,637

Zone 4		Zone 5		Zone 6		Zone 7		NPDES Whitewater		NPDES Santa Ana	
\$	45,492,596 9,768 6	\$	15,361,097 5,570	\$	14,647,020 29,468	\$	21,584,795 18,581	\$	1,792,894 - -	\$	6,952,183
	250,162 1,020		53,804		71,311		82,557		8,787		35,257 2,608
	50,182 14 67,437 52,260		19,162 29 11,095 670		18,037 14 22,190		27,137 58 33,285 14,070		2,300 - 81,960		8,681
\$	45,923,445	\$	15,451,427	\$	14,788,040	\$	21,760,483	\$	1,885,941	\$	6,998,729
\$	685,537 263,431 51,670 9,768 29,739	\$	501,054 51,417 4,334 5,569 124	\$	57,530 70,396 3,814 29,468 10	\$	8,060 106,265 21,469 18,581 4,286 500,000	\$	11,227 14,560 1,048	\$	94,566 47,729 4,066
	1,040,145		562,498		161,218		658,661		26,835		146,361
	250,162		53,804		71,311		82,557		- 8,787		35,257
	250,162		53,804		71,311		82,557		8,787		35,257
	52,260		- 670		- -		14,070		-		-
	44,580,878		14,834,455		14,555,511		21,005,195		1,850,319		6,817,111
	- -		- -		- -		-		- -		- -
	44,633,138		14,835,125		14,555,511		21,019,265		1,850,319		6,817,111
\$	45,923,445	\$	15,451,427	\$	14,788,040	\$	21,760,483	\$	1,885,941	\$	6,998,729

Continued

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds - Continued

June 30, 2017

	San	NPDES ata Margarita	Other Governmental Funds			Total
ASSETS Cash and Investments Restricted Cash Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	2,253,521	\$	18,412	\$	230,278,591 1,659,911 6
Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Prepaid Items		6,784 14 2,701 -		- 24 - -		987,673 265,403 284,659 14,224 355,899 67,000
Total Assets	\$	2,263,020	\$	18,436	\$	233,913,366
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Developer and Other Agency Deposits Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue	\$	176,754 43,270 1,796	\$	- - - - -	\$	2,281,946 1,467,785 157,754 1,734,350 1,370,612 500,000
Total Liabilities		221,820		-		7,512,447
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		- 6,784		- -		936,845 50,828
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,784				987,673
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable for: Imprest Cash Prepaid Items Restricted for:		- -		-		600 67,000
Capital Projects Public Ways and Facilities Debt Service Assigned to:		2,034,416		18,348 - 88		18,348 222,403,659 88
Compensated Absences Unassigned		-		-		1,250,737 1,672,814
Total Fund Balances		2,034,416		18,436	_	225,413,246
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,263,020	\$	18,436	\$	233,913,366

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2017

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Page 21)	\$	225,413,246	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds, net of \$2,753,498 reported in Internal Service Funds.			976,187,823
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of hydrology services, garage, project maintenance, mapping services, data processing, and photography to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of these funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of Net Position, net of \$145,602 allocated			
to business-type activities.			9,607,551
The net OPEB asset (NOA) should be adjusted for any difference between contributions made and the annual required contributions (ARC). A positive year-end balance in the NOA should be recognized as the year-end asset in relation to the ARC in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			665,275
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds balance sheet and should be recognized in the government-wide statement of activities as revenue thereby increasing unrestricted net position in the government-wide statement of Net Position.			987,673
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension activity are not reported in the governmental funds but are included in the statement of Net Position.			
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 16,762,958 (5,195,194)		11,567,764
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Net pension liability Promissory notes, including unamortized premiums Compensated absences, net of \$147,246 reported in internal service funds	(53,296,107) (20,668,628) (3,894,819)		(30.16)
Accrued interest payable	(302,233)		(78,161,787)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 16)	\$ 1	1,146,267,545	

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ge	eneral Fund	Zone 1		Zone 2		Zone 3	
REVENUES	-							
Property Taxes	\$	3,667,191	\$	7,792,792	\$	13,787,125	\$ 1,828,664	
Redevelopment Pass-thru		612,804		2,192,191		1,915,620	757,244	
Special Assessments		14		-		-	-	
Intergovernmental		41,616		88,056		157,407	20,704	
Charges for Services		658,918		2,577		1,217	2,109	
Area Drainage Fees		-		305,878		92,857	-	
Investment Earnings		15,690		105,072		282,967	43,660	
Use of Assets		1,020		164,954		100	 	
Total Revenues		4,997,253		10,651,520		16,237,293	2,652,381	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		6,715,062		-		-	-	
Public Ways and Facilities		-		5,454,361		8,244,637	1,863,590	
Capital Outlay		54,870		2,733,252		30,000	-	
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-	-	
Interest							 	
Total Expenditures		6,769,932		8,187,613		8,274,637	1,863,590	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,772,679)		2,463,907		7,962,656	 788,791	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		1,363,260		-		-	-	
Transfers Out		_		(228,137)		(284,862)	(68,171)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,363,260		(228,137)		(284,862)	(68,171)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(409,419)		2,235,770		7,677,794	720,620	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		3,333,570		25,145,123		70,203,721	10,742,746	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	2,924,151	\$	27,380,893	\$	77,881,515	\$ 11,463,366	

 Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	 NPDES Vhitewater	;	NPDES Santa Ana
\$ 14,211,595 2,085,028 459 8,318,332 6,893 1,097,197 119,525 7,800	\$ 3,053,934 504,351 - 34,554 455 - 54,172	\$ 4,099,621 1,078,217 - 45,806 20,749 - 49,597 3,600	\$ 4,637,585 380,373 53,027 25,200 157,758 77,268	\$ 301,139 - - - - 6,786	\$	2,345,660 - - - 24,969
25,846,829	3,647,466	5,297,590	5,331,211	307,925		2,370,629
11,278,529 7,509,295	1,499,399 498,426	2,809,475	2,897,617 1,634,444	335,268		2,058,829
 				 		-
 18,787,824	 1,997,825	 2,809,475	 4,532,061	 335,268		2,058,829
 7,059,005	 1,649,641	 2,488,115	 799,150	 (27,343)		311,800
(3,256,757)	(66,303)	- (117,624)	(135,798)	(6,239)		(29,823)
(3,256,757)	 (66,303)	 (117,624)	 (135,798)	 (6,239)		(29,823)
 3,802,248	 1,583,338	 2,370,491	 663,352	 (33,582)		281,977
40,830,890	13,251,787	12,185,020	20,355,913	 1,883,901		6,535,134
\$ 44,633,138	\$ 14,835,125	\$ 14,555,511	\$ 21,019,265	\$ 1,850,319	\$	6,817,111

Continued

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		NPDES	Go	Other overnmental		
	Santa Margarita			Funds		Total
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,078,507
Redevelopment Pass-thru		- 514 401		-		9,525,828
Special Assessments Intergovernmental		514,401		-		3,161,673
Charges for Services		1,391,338		-		10,150,840 718,118
Area Drainage Fees		_		_		1,653,690
Investment Earnings		4,916		74		784,696
Use of Assets		-				177,474
Total Revenues		1,910,655		74		79,250,826
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-		-		6,715,062
Public Ways and Facilities		1,706,007		-		38,147,712
Capital Outlay		-		-		12,460,287
Debt service:				1 020 000		1 020 000
Principal		-		1,920,000		1,920,000
Interest				935,500	-	935,500
Total Expenditures		1,706,007		2,855,500		60,178,561
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		204,648		(2,855,426)		19,072,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		2,855,500		4,218,760
Transfers Out		(25,046)				(4,218,760)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,046)		2,855,500		_
Net Change in Fund Balances		179,602		74		19,072,265
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,854,814		18,362		206,340,981
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	2,034,416	\$	18,436	\$	225,413,246

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Page 25)		\$ 19,072,265
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and are charged to depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets, net of \$426,798 reported in Internal Service Fund Donation of Capital Assets Less current year depreciation, net of \$928,769 reported in Internal Service Fund	\$ 12,460,288 8,366,855 (11,087,181)	9,739,962
Earned but unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as deferred inflows of resources should be recognized in the government-wide statement of activities as revenue regardless of availability.		(59,269)
Change in unavailable revenue	(59,269)	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund.		
Pension expense Change in accrued other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset Change in compensated absences, net of \$17,062 reported in Internal Service Fund Amortization of bond premium Interest Expense	(2,326,859) (18,109) 384,125 242,328 19,200	(1,699,315)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in Net Position of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities, net of \$17,091 allocated to business-type activities		535,590
The repayment of principal reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.		1,920,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 18)		\$ 29,509,233

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

	Business-typ	Governmental		
	Subdivision Operations	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	<u>operations</u>			
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 619,765	\$ 1,232,473	\$ 1,852,238	\$ 6,962,376
Receivables: Accounts Receivable (net of allowance				
for uncollectibles)	264,135	2,787	266,922	9,699
Interest Receivable	8,395	1,869	10,264	7,933
Due From Other Funds	559	7	566	158,624
Due From Other Governments	5,006	2,371	7,377	5
Inventories				276,401
Total Current Assets	897,860	1,239,507	2,137,367	7,415,038
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted Cash	3,024,792	164,113	3,188,905	-
Capital Assets:		1.202	1.000	2.552.400
Depreciable, Net		1,203	1,203	2,753,498
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,024,792	165,316	3,190,108	2,753,498
Total Assets	3,922,652	1,404,823	5,327,475	10,168,536
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	564,671		564,671	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	564,671		564,671	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	109,018	- 0.242	109,018	128,905
Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds	64,952 5,466	8,243 1,230	73,195 6,696	94,497 8,964
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	5,400	1,230 77	77	35,771
Compensated Absences - Current Portion	10,031	3,966	13,997	22,247
Developer and Other Agency Deposits	3,212,366	162,857	3,375,223	
Total Current Liabilities	3,401,833	176,373	3,578,206	290,384
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences	63,722	15,587	79,309	124,999
Net Pension Liability	1,805,654		1,805,654	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,869,376	15,587	1,884,963	124,999
Total Liabilities	5,271,209	191,960	5,463,169	415,383
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	178,776		178,776	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	178,776		178,776	
Net Position:				
Investment in Capital Assets	-	1,203	1,203	2,753,498
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(962,662)	1,211,660	248,998	6,999,655
Total Net Position	\$ (962,662)	\$ 1,212,863	\$ 250,201	\$ 9,753,153
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds			145,602	
_				
Net Position of Business-type Activities			\$ 395,803	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.	27			

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-	Governmental		
		Other		Activities -
	Subdivision	Enterprise		Internal Service
ODED A TIME DEVENIES	Operations	Funds	Total	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$ 1,557,065	\$ 276,176	\$1,833,241	\$ 7,250,248
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel Services	877,750	206,780	1,084,530	1,525,085
Administrative Services	192,264	23,428	215,692	469,839
Services and Supplies	855,746	85,550	941,296	3,878,235
Depreciation		859	859	928,769
Total Operating Expenses	1,925,760	316,617	2,242,377	6,801,928
Operating Income (Loss)	(368,695)	(40,441)	(409,136)	448,320
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Investment Earnings (Loss)	40,186	5,912	46,098	20,655
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets			<u> </u>	83,706
Total Nonoperating Revenues	40,186	5,912	46,098	104,361
Income (Loss)	(328,509)	(34,529)	(363,038)	552,681
Change in Net Position	(328,509)	(34,529)	(363,038)	552,681
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(634,153)	1,247,392	613,239	9,200,472
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (962,662)	\$ 1,212,863	•	\$ 9,753,153
Adjustments to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds			17,091	
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities			\$ (345,947)	

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type	Governmental			
	Subdivision Operations	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	ce
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers/Other Funds Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$ 1,700,344 (1,064,090) (796,694)	\$ 256,727 (112,329) (201,934)	\$ 1,957,071 (1,176,419) (998,628)	\$ 7,222,38 (4,858,09 (1,516,46	91)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	(160,440)	(57,536)	(217,976)	847,83	30
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	- 	<u>-</u>		83,70 (426,79	
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities				(343,09	92)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments	41,245	5,806	47,051	19,79	98
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	41,245	5,806	47,051	19,79	98
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	(119,195) 3,763,752	(51,730) 1,448,316	(170,925) 5,212,068	524,53 6,437,84	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 3,644,557	\$ 1,396,586	\$ 5,041,143	\$ 6,962,37	76
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:	\$ (368,695)	\$ (40,441)	\$ (409,136)	\$ 448,32	20
Depreciation Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in:	-	859	859	928,76	59
Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds	(34,250) (559)	(741) 1,705	(34,991) 1,146	(1,62 (26,24	_
Due from Other Governments Inventories Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(247.485)	2,412	2,412	(36,79	- 90)
Increase (Decrease) in:	(247,485)	-	(247,485)		-
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable	(16,950) 14,994	(4,345) 5,141	(21,295) 20,135	(405,49 25,68	
Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences	2,854 (11,677)	917 (295)	3,771 (11,972)	(54,29 (17,06	95)
Net Pension Liability Due to Other Governments	414,393 (1,984)	(233) - 77	414,393 (1,907)	(13,44	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Developer and Other Agency Deposits	(89,169) 178,088	(22,825)	(89,169) 155,263		- -
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$ (160,440)	\$ (57,536)	\$ (217,976)	\$ 847,83	30

There were no significant noncash investing, financing, or capital activities.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2017

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS	 		
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,823,536		
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	 579,213		
Total Assets	\$ 3,402,749		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,823,532		
Due to Bondholders	 579,217		
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,402,749		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Reporting Entity

The Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District) was created by an act of the State Legislature on July 7, 1945 to provide financing for the construction and maintenance of flood control facilities. The governing board of the District consists of the same five members of the Board of Supervisors as Riverside County, California, and the Board has the authority to impose its will on the District. Therefore, the District is considered to be a component unit of the County for financial reporting purposes. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present all the fund types of the District.

Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA). The Board is the governing body of the IFA and the County is responsible for all its financial debt. The IFA is a joint exercise of powers authority, duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated September 15, 2015 by and between the County of Riverside and the District. The IFA is authorized and empowered to issue bonds for the purpose of financing and refinancing public capital improvements of the County.

B) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the District's activities. These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. It is the District's policy to make eliminations to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the District. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between program expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Program expenses include such direct expenses that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management has discretion as to which resources apply. It is the District's policy to use restricted resources before unrestricted resources.

C) Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating revenues*, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating revenues*, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C) Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The District reports the following as major governmental funds:

- ♦ The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the District that are not accounted for through other funds. For the District, the General Fund includes such activities as general government and capital outlay.
- ♦ Zones 1 through 7 are special revenue funds established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in each geographical zone. These funds are financed primarily by ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements, federal monies, and monies from other local governments.
- ♦ NPDES Whitewater is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Whitewater assessment area. Primarily the benefit assessment area finances this fund.
- ♦ NPDES Santa Ana is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Santa Ana assessment area. Primarily the benefit assessment area finances this fund.
- ♦ NPDES Santa Margarita is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Santa Margarita assessment area. Primarily the benefit assessment area finances this fund.
- ♦ Data from the District's remaining two governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation as *Other Governmental Funds*. Individual fund data for both of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information section.

The District reports the following major enterprise funds:

♦ The Subdivision Operations Fund accounts for various services needed by developers in the construction of projects within the County. Revenues are primarily for charges for services.

The District reports the following additional fund types:

- ♦ *Internal Service Funds* account for the District's Hydrology Services, Garage, Project Maintenance, Mapping Services, Data Processing and Photography, on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- ♦ The Agency Funds account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, boards, commissions and other governmental entities or funds not part of the District's reporting entity, but for which the District acts in a fiduciary capacity. The District reports on 3 different agency funds.

D) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, special assessments, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D) Basis of Accounting - Continued

Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities under the accrual basis and have no measurement focus.

Governmental fund type financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues and other governmental fund type financial resources are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes, contracts and other nonexchange transactions are considered available and are accrued when received within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Revenue received from expenditure driven (cost-reimbursement) grants, as defined by GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, are considered available and accrued if expected to be received within twelve months after fiscal year-end.

E) Cash and Investments and Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

The District's cash from operations is deposited in the County Treasury. The County pools its funds with other government agencies in the County and invests them as prescribed by the California Government Code and the County of Riverside's Investment Policy. The District's deposits in the County pool may be accessed at any time. The District is allocated interest income on monies deposited with the County based on its proportional share of the pooled investments. All pooled investments and investments with fiscal agent are carried at fair value. The fair value of participants' positions in the pool is not the same as the value of the pooled shares. Restricted cash of \$1,659,911 and \$3,188,905, for governmental and business-type activities respectively, consists mostly of developer and other agency deposits for specific purposes.

In December 1994, the Board of Supervisors created an Investment Oversight Committee to work with the County Treasurer to oversee County investment policies, to include the District. The Committee reviews the County's investment strategy and the status of the County's investments and reports its finding to the Board. The Investment Oversight Committee has reviewed and approved investment policies for funds held outside the County Treasury.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F) Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3- Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

G) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The District recognizes deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements in relation to pensions.

The statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports an item under this category on the governmental funds balance sheet, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, labeled *unavailable revenue* from two sources: property taxes and special assessments expected to fund the current year but received in a future period. The District also recognizes deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements in relation to pensions.

H) Property Taxes

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by counties for up to 1 percent of assessed value, plus other increases as approved by affected voters. Property tax revenues are pooled and then allocated based on assessed valuation. Property taxes on the secured rolls are payable in two installments, November 1 and February 1. Property tax payments become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Remittance of property taxes to the District is accounted for within each appropriate fund. Under the Teeter Plan, the District receives its current-year tax from the County without regard for the delinquency factors.

Property taxes are assessed and collected each fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

I) Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, which consist of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at the lower of cost (on a first-in, first-out basis) or market in the proprietary funds. Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at average cost. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Material amounts of inventory are reported as assets of the respective fund.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

J) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property (e.g. land and easements), plant (e.g. buildings, improvements), equipment (e.g. vehicles, computers, office equipment) and infrastructure (e.g. drainage systems, flood control, and similar structures), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. If received in a service concession arrangement, the assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The capitalization thresholds are as follows: \$5,000 for equipment, \$1 dollar for buildings (structures), land and land improvements, and \$150,000 for infrastructure.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure:	Flood Channels and Levees	99 years
	Dams/Basins	99 years
	Storm Drains	65 years
Structure and	Buildings	50 years
Improvements:	Building improvements	50 years
Equipment:	Autos, personal computers and equipment valued at less than \$25,000	3 years
	Computer items, small trucks and equipment valued between \$25,000 and \$75,000	5 years
	Large trucks and equipment valued at greater than \$75,000	7 years

K) Compensated Absences

Permanent District employees earn from 10 to 20 vacation days annually, depending upon their length of employment, and 12 sick days a year. Employees can carry forward up to a maximum of three times their annual vacation accrual and an unlimited number of sick days for use in subsequent years.

Upon termination or retirement, District employees are entitled to receive compensation at their current salary for all unused vacation time. If an employee retires from the District with at least five years of service, the employee is entitled to receive from 10 percent to 50 percent of the value of any unused sick leave up to 120 days.

L) Long-term Debt

The District reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value in the government-wide statement of net position. Certain other governmental fund obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the proprietary fund types are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary fund types and in the government-wide statement of net position. Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued. The premiums, discounts, and deferred gains and losses are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and are amortized over the life of the debt.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

M) Operating/Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

The District defines its operating revenues as revenues derived from charges for services. All other revenue that is not derived directly from charges for services, including interest income and gain/loss on sale of assets, is classified as nonoperating in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

Consistent with the treatment in the accompanying statement of cash flows, all expenses, with the exception of interest expense, are treated as operating expenses on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

N) Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, provided services, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Provided services, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

P) Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category reports all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation reduces the balance in this category. The amount is further reduced by the associated debts, net of unspent debt proceeds.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors
 or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions
 or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents the net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When expenses are incurred for purposes of which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, the District's policy is to apply restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as needed.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

P) Net Position/Fund Balances - Continued

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 - Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions and the District's Fiscal Policy F2, Fund Balance Policy, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted constraints placed on the use of amounts are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amount committed for specific purposes by the Board of Supervisors, the District's highest level of decision making authority, by adopting an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year to commit fund balance. Amounts classified as "Committed" are not subject to legal enforceability like restricted fund balance; however, those amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the limitation by taking the same form of action it employed to previously impose the limitation. Action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent year.
- Assigned includes amounts, intended by the District, to be used for specific purposes. Amounts are neither restricted nor limited. The Board of Supervisors has, by resolution, delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the Finance Director and District management for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the financial statements.
- Unassigned includes any remaining amounts after classifying fund balances according to the fund balance categories of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned. The general fund is the only governmental fund that reports a positive amount of unassigned fund balance. However, if a governmental fund other than the general fund were to have nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance in excess of total fund balance, the difference would be reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Spending Order

Unless legal requirements disallow it, the District will spend the most restricted dollars before less restricted in the following order: (1) Nonspendable (if the funds become spendable), (2) Restricted, (3) Committed, (4) Assigned, (5) Unassigned.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

P) Net Position/Fund Balances - Continued

Minimum Fund Balance Policy for Governmental Funds

The following minimum fund balance guidelines for governmental funds have been established by the District's Fiscal Policy F2, Fund Balance Policy, to ensure a sufficient level of fund balance is maintained for unanticipated expenditures, delays in revenue receipt, or revenue shortfalls:

♦ Unrestricted Fund Balance - General Fund

The District shall achieve an unrestricted fund balance in its General Fund equal to a minimum of 66 percent of General Fund expenditures. The District will annually evaluate the minimum fund balance provisions and make adjustments according to an assessment of current events and circumstances as well as changing forecasts, projections and other related risks.

The District has established a contingency account and budgets the minimum assigned fund balance in the General Fund with the recommended budget submitted to the Board of Supervisors for approval each fiscal year. Should the minimum fund balance drop below the prescribed level, the District will develop a plan to replenish the minimum fund balance within two years and include the plan with the recommended budget submitted to the Board of Supervisors for approval in the following budget year.

Q) Developer And Other Agency Deposits

Developer and other agency deposits are deposits made by developers and other governmental agencies to support services or work performed by the District on behalf of said developers and governmental agencies. Revenue is recognized when it is earned and the liability is decreased accordingly.

R) Pensions

The pension expense is for the measurement period of 2015-16 and the net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2016. Liabilities are based on the results of the actuarial calculations performed as of June 30, 2015 and were rolled forward to June 30, 2016.

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and addition to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Investments are reported at fair value. Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five year period.

Other gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized as pension expenses over time. They are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

S) Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77

In August of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement improves financial reporting by helping users better understand how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition. Statement No. 77 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 78

In December of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. This Statement establishes requirements for the recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. Statement No. 78 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 80

In January of 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. Statement No. 80 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82

In March of 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67*, *No. 68*, *and No. 73*. This Statement addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Statement No. 81 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments totaled \$243,942,027 as of June 30, 2017. Each fund's portion of this total is reflected in the financial statement accounts entitled "Cash and Investments", "Cash and Cash Equivalents", "Restricted Cash", and "Cash with Fiscal Agent."

All District cash and investments are on deposit with the County Treasurer with the exception of imprest cash on hand, proceeds from debt issuances, and a portion of cash collected from special assessments. Proceeds from debt issuances are reported in the governmental funds and is on account with a third party. 100 percent of cash collected from special assessments is held by the District for others in trust and is on account with a third party. All cash held by a third party is classified as "Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents" in the District's financial statements and amounted to \$3,402,749 at June 30, 2017.

The County Treasurer maintains the County's Pooled Investment Fund pursuant to the California Government Code and the County Treasurer's Statement of Investment Policy. Portfolio income, including gains and losses, are distributed quarterly. All investment income is distributed prorata based upon each participant's average daily cash balance for the calendar year except for specific investments in which the interest income is to be credited directly to the fund from which the investment was made.

Investments related to the County's Pooled Investment Fund are restricted to those authorized in the California Government Code and the County Treasurer's Statement of Investment Policy. Investments and related credit, custodial credit, concentration of credit, interest rate and foreign currency risks associated with the County's Pooled Investment Funds are disclosed in Riverside County's basic financial statements.

The primary objectives of the Treasurer's investment of public funds are noted in order of priority as follows: to safeguard investment principal, to maintain sufficient liquidity within the portfolio to meet daily cash flow requirements, and to achieve a reasonable rate of return or yield on the portfolio.

Total District cash and investments at fair value are reported as follows:

Cash and Investments:

Cash With and Pooled by the County Treasury	\$ 246,764,957
Imprest Cash Held at the District	600
Investments Held by Fiscal Agents	579,219
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 247,344,776

Total District cash and investments at fair value are reported by the following activities:

Cash	and	Investments	Summary	v:
------	-----	-------------	---------	----

Total Governmental Activities	\$ 238,900,884
Total Business-type Activities	5,041,143
Total Fiduciary Funds	3,402,749
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 247,344,776

A) Investments

Investments are governed by the District's Investment Policy Statement, the California Government Code, the particular bond indenture, Board of Supervisors' Resolution, and the Fiscal Agent agreement.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

A) Investments - Continued

State statutes and the District's Investment Policy Statement authorize the District to invest in the following investment categories:

- ♦ Obligations of the U.S. Treasury Notes
- ♦ Federal agencies
- ♦ A U.S. Government-sponsored enterprise
- ♦ The State of California
- ♦ Local government agencies
- ◆ Commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record
- Bankers' acceptances
- Repurchase agreements
- ♦ Reverse repurchase agreements
- ♦ Guaranteed investment contracts
- Bond anticipation notes
- ♦ Corporate bonds
- Negotiable certificates of deposits issued by national and State licensed banks, chartered banks, or Federal/State savings and loan associations.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements. Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee (Fiscal Agent) are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

As of June 30, 2017, the major classes of the District's investments consisted of the following:

	Fa	air Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
With Trustee (Fiscal Agent):			
Govt Obligation Fund	\$	6	7.20
US Treasury Bond		494,435	Less than 1 year
US Bank Money Market		84,778	Less than 1 year
Total with Trustee (Fiscal Agent)	\$	579,219	

B) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The County Treasurer manages exposure to declines in the market value of the Pooled Investment fund portfolio by maintaining a weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of less than 541 days or 1.5 years in accordance with the County Treasurer's Statement of Investment Policy. As of June 30, 2017, the WAM for the Pooled Investment fund portfolio was 1.10 years. Additionally, the County Treasurer maintains at least 40 percent of the portfolio's total value in securities having maturities of 1 year or less to provide sufficient liquidity to meet daily expenditure requirements. Investments held by Fiscal Agents have a maturity of 1 year or less.

As noted in the County Treasurer's Investment Fund Monthly Report for June 2017, the Pooled Investment fund was rated: Aaa-bf by Moody's Investor Service and AAA/V1 by Fitch Ratings.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

C) Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy Statement do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments, other than the following provisions for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

D) Credit Risk

The District's Investment Policy Statement sets forth the minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from the following nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (Standard & Poor's) and P-1 (Moody's). For an issuer of long-term debt, the rating must be no less than an "A". At June 30, 2017, the credit rating of the District's investments pursuant to the District's Investment Policy Statement was AA- for Standard & Poor's and A2 for Moody's.

E) Concentration of Credit Risk

As previously stated, the District's Investment Policy Statement is limited solely to the proceeds of bonds issued by the District and therefore does not address limitations with regards to pool funds. At June 30, 2017, there were no investments that constitute a concentration of credit risk.

F) Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

	Fair Value Measurements Using									
			Quo	ted Prices in	Sign	ificant				
			Act	ive Markets	O	ther	Sign	ificant		
			fo	r Identical	Obse	rvable	Unob	servable		
				Assets	In	puts	In	puts		
Investments by Fair					_		_			
Value Level		2017	((Level 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Le	vel 3)		N/A
Debt Securities										
Govt Obligation Fund	\$	6	\$	-	\$	6	\$	-	\$	-
US Treasury Bond		494,435		494,435		-		-		-
US Bank Money Market		84,778		_						84,778
Total Debt Securities	\$	579,219	\$	494,435	\$	6	\$	_	\$	84,778

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The amounts due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

General Fund	Zone 1	\$	1,657
Concrui i una	Zone 2	Ψ	2,410
	Zone 3		1,340
	Zone 4		4,105
	Zone 5		832
	Zone 6		665
	Zone 7		1,662
	NPDES Whitewater		231
	NPDES Santa Ana		719
	NPDES Santa Margarita		423
	Internal Service Funds	Φ.	29
		\$	14,073
Zone 3	Internal Service Funds	\$	36
		\$	36
Zone 4	Internal Service Funds	\$	14
Lone 4	internal pervice runas	\$	14
		¢	20
Zone 5	Internal Service Funds	\$	29
		\$	29
Zone 6	Internal Service Funds	\$	14
		\$	14
Zone 7	Internal Service Funds	\$	58
zone i	internal Service Faints	\$	58
Subdivision On antions	Name in Entermine Ends	\$	559
Subdivision Operations	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$	
		\$	559
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	\$	7
		\$	7
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	\$	19,215
	Zone 1		14,989
	Zone 2		13,123
	Zone 3		16,823
	Zone 4		47,565
	Zone 5		3,502
	Zone 6		3,149
	Zone 7		19,807
	NPDES Whitewater		817
	NPDES Santa Ana		3,347
	NPDES Santa Margarita		1,373
	Subdivision Operations		5,466
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		671
	Internal Service Funds		8,777
		\$	158,624

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

4) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS - Continued

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various District operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the District's transfer activity (in thousands):

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Operating or Debt Subsidy:			
Zone 1	General Fund	\$ 228,137	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 2	General Fund	284,862	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 3	General Fund	68,171	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 4	General Fund	401,257	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 5	General Fund	66,303	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 6	General Fund	117,624	Funded Leave Balance
Zone 7	General Fund	135,798	Funded Leave Balance
NPDES Whitewater	General Fund	6,239	Funded Leave Balance
NPDES Santa Ana	General Fund	29,823	Funded Leave Balance
NPDES Santa Margarita	General Fund	25,046	Funded Leave Balance
			Transfer of Cash to Process Debt
Zone 4	Other Governmental Funds	2,855,500	Service Payment
Total Transfers		\$ 4,218,760	•

The internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position are created by the allocation of internal service fund activity to business-type activities.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

5) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

				Transfers	- "
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Baranee	7 idditions	Retirements	7 tajustinents	Baranec
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:					
Land and Easements	\$258,947,023	\$ 1,264,002	\$ -	\$ -	\$260,211,025
Construction in Progress	81,036,157	12,178,380	φ -	(38,912,725)	54,301,812
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	339,983,180	13,442,382		(38,912,725)	314,512,837
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	337,763,160	13,442,362		(30,712,723)	314,312,037
Capital Assets, Depreciable					
Infrastructure	764,922,282	7,329,891	-	38,912,725	811,164,898
Land Improvements	110,479	-	-	-	110,479
Buildings and Improvements	14,361,609	-	-	-	14,361,609
Equipment	16,805,919	490,211	(635,079)		16,661,051
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	796,200,289	7,820,102	(635,079)	38,912,725	842,298,037
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(148,261,647)	(10,737,512)	-	-	(158,999,159)
Land Improvements	(26,876)	(1,116)	-	-	(27,992)
Buildings and Improvements	(4,779,887)	(282,062)	-	-	(5,061,949)
Equipment	(13,411,729)	(995,260)	626,536	-	(13,780,453)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(166,480,139)	(12,015,950)	626,536		(177,869,553)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	629,720,150	(4,195,848)	(8,543)	39,278,822	664,428,484
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,	фо <0 702 22 0	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	φ (0. 7.12)	d	фо д о о 41, 22 1
Net	\$969,703,330	\$ 9,246,534	\$ (8,543)	\$ -	\$978,941,321
Business-type Activities:					
Capital Assets, Depreciable	ф соз оо л	¢.	ф	¢.	ф соз оо л
Equipment	\$ 603,085	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 603,085
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	603,085				603,085
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Equipment September 1911	(601,023)	(859)	_	_	(601,882)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(601,023)	(859)			(601,882)
Tom Treamulated Depresation	(===,===)	(227)			(==,===)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	2,062	(859)			1,203
	Ф 2062	ф (0 7 0)	Ф.	Ф.	Ф 1202
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,062	\$ (859)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,203

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

5) CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Public Ways and Facilities	\$ 348,553 10,738,628
Depreciation on capital assets held by the District's internal service funds is charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.	928,769
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Functions	\$ 12,015,950
Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:	
Other Enterprise Funds	\$ 859
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Functions	\$ 859

Replacement of Capital Assets

In accordance with District rate methodology, a balance of resources has been accumulated in the proprietary fund financial statements for the replacement of District capital assets. As of June 30, 2017, the balance of resources amounted to \$2,000 and is reflected in Unrestricted Net Position.

6) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2017:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 4,443,252	\$ 389,675	\$ (790,862)	\$ 4,042,065	\$ 610,704
Promissory Note	20,650,000	-	(1,920,000)	18,730,000	1,980,000
Promissory Note Premium	2,180,956	-	(242,328)	1,938,628	-
Net Pension Liabilities	40,877,098	17,708,916	(5,289,907)	53,296,107	-
Total Governmental Activities -					
Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$68,151,306</u>	<u>\$18,098,591</u>	<u>\$(8,243,097)</u>	<u>\$78,006,800</u>	<u>\$ 2,590,704</u>
Business-type activities:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 105,278	\$ 4,026	\$ (15,998)	\$ 93,306	\$ 13,997
Net Pension Liabilities	1,391,261	590,904	(176,511)	1,805,654	-
Total Business- type Activities					
- Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,496,539</u>	<u>\$ 594,930</u>	<u>\$ (192,509)</u>	<u>\$ 1,898,960</u>	<u>\$ 13,997</u>

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

6) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - Continued

Promissory Note

On June 25, 2015, the District issued the Zone 4 2015 Negotiable Promissory Notes to fund certain flood control facilities located in Zone 4 of the District, including but not limited to construction of the Romoland MDP Lina A, Stage 4 for Zone 4 and certain expenses incidental thereto. The principal of, premium, and interest on the Notes are payable from the revenues and taxes of Zone 4 ("Zone 4 Revenues"). The Notes are further secured by a first lien and specific pledge of the Zone 4 Revenues as the Zone 4 Revenues are received, except that any Zone 4 Revenues not needed for debt services on the Notes in any fiscal year will be available to the District for any lawful purpose.

The Notes are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

The Promissory Notes were issued in aggregate principal amount of \$21,000,000 plus an original issue premium \$2,423,284. The Notes are to be repaid at an interest rate between 2.0% and 5.0%. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding notes payable totaled \$18,730,000 and the unamortized premium amounted to \$1,938,628.

The annual debt service repayment schedule for the Zone 4 2015 Negotiable Promissory Notes as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Fiscal Year (June 30)	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,980,000	867,100	\$ 2,847,100
2019	2,060,000	776,000	2,836,000
2020	2,160,000	670,500	2,830,500
2021	2,270,000	559,750	2,829,750
2022	2,380,000	443,500	2,823,500
2023-2025	7,880,000	578,750	 8,458,750
Total	<u>\$ 18,730,000</u>	\$ 3,895,600	\$ 22,625,600

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

7) SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

Debt without Government Obligation

The District issued the Elsinore Valley Benefit District (Zone 3) bond for the construction of flood control facilities in Zone 3 of the Special Revenue Funds. The bond is to be repaid through special assessment revenues and is not considered an obligation of the District, as the District's duties are limited to acting as an agent for the assessed property owners and the bondholders. Accordingly, this bond is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

In accordance with bond covenants, the District has established a reserve from bond proceeds for potential delinquencies in the amount of a minimum of 8.0 percent to 10.0 percent of the principal amount, which is reported as due to bondholders in the agency funds. If a delinquency occurs in the payment of any assessment installment, the District has the duty to transfer the amount of such delinquent installment from the Reserve Fund into the Redemption Fund.

The enactment of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution and subsequent legislative enactments effectively repealed the otherwise mandatory duty on the part of the District, under the Bond Law, to levy and collect a special tax (in an amount necessary to meet delinquencies, but not to exceed \$0.10 on each \$100 of assessed value of all taxable property within the County in any one year) if surplus funds are not available to cover delinquencies.

At June 30, 2017, the reserve balance for the bond in the Zone 3 Elsinore Valley Benefit District was included in the agency fund cash and investments or cash with fiscal agent balances, and amounted to \$579,213. The District's liability to advance funds for bond redemption in the event of delinquent assessment installments is limited to the reserves established.

Special assessment debt without District obligation consists of the following:

1993 Zone 3 - Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, bearing interest of 7.9 percent, due in annual installments of \$105,000 to \$475,000 plus interest, through September 1, 2017.

\$ 475,000

Total special assessment bonds without governmental obligation: \$ 475,000

8) SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM

The District participates in the County's self-insurance program. The County is self-insured for public liability, property damage, long-term and short-term disability, medical malpractice, unemployment and workers' compensation. The County records estimated liabilities for such claims filed or estimated to be filed for incidents that have occurred. The County supplements its self-insurance for long-term disability and workers' compensation with insurance policies. The insurance carrier pays all long-term disability payments exceeding the first two years of coverage.

The maximum coverage under the workers' compensation policy is \$500,000 per claim, and there is no deductible. The County allocates an annual premium to the District based on current payroll costs and an experience modification. The annual premium to the District in fiscal year 2017 was \$506,703.

In the past three fiscal years, the District has not experienced settlements or judgements that exceeded the self-insured coverage.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

9) RETIREMENT PLAN

A) Plan Description

The District contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law establish a menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements. The District selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. However, a report for the District's plan within CalPERS is not available.

Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 or an electronic version may be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

B) Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. At service retirement, a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation is paid to the retiree in the form of an annuity. A classic CalPERS member, an employee hired prior to January 1, 2013 becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service with a benefit formula of 3% at 60. A classic CalPERS member, hired on or after August 23, 2012 has a modified retirement formula of 2% at 60. A PEPRA member, an employee hired after January 1, 2013, will be eligible for service retirement at age 55 with at least 5 years of service with a benefit formula of 2% at 62.

C) Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 the average active employee contribution rate is 8 percent of annual covered salary and the District's contribution rate is 22.241 percent of annual payroll. The District's contributions to CalPERS of \$3,895,353 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were equal to the District's required contributions.

D) Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 with a roll-forward adjustment to June 30, 2016.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

9) RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

E) Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2015 total pension liability. The June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% Payroll Growth 3.00%

Mortality Rates Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Increase Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

F) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

9) RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

F) Discount Rate - Continued

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2015.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10	Years 11+
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.0	0.99	2.43
Inflation Sensitive	6.0	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	10.0	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	10.0	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	1.0	(0.55)	(1.05)

G) Net Pension Liability

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary		N	let Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Lia	bility/(Asset)	
Balance at Valuation Date of 7/1/2015:	\$ 160,644,035	\$ 118,375,676	\$	42,268,359	
Changes During the Measurement Period:					
Service Cost	2,736,183	-		2,736,183	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	12,355,012	-		12,355,012	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	3,136,481	-		3,136,481	
Contributions from the Employer	-	3,444,770		(3,444,770)	
Contributions from the Employee	-	1,355,866		(1,355,866)	
Net Investment Income	-	665,782		(665,782)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee					
Contributions	(7,290,390)	(7,290,390)		-	
Administrative Expense		(72,144)		72,144	
Net Changes	\$ 10,937,286	\$ (1,896,116)	\$	12,833,402	
Balance at Measurement Date of 6/30/2016:	\$ 171,581,321	\$ 116,479,560	\$	55,101,761	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percent-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate – 1%	Discount Rate	Discount Rate + 1%
	(6.65 %)	(7.65 %)	(8.65 %)
Plan's Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)	\$ 77,849,479	\$ 55,101,761	\$ 36,263,805

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

9) RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

H) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the CalPERS pension plan Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued financial report. That report may be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

I) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,302,870. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred inflows of resources of related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows of Resources	Defe	erred Inflows of Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to			
Measurement Date	\$ 3,895,353	\$	-
Changes of Assumptions	-		(1,341,148)
Differences between Expected and Actual			
Experience	3,066,279		-
Net Difference between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	 10,365,997		(4,032,822)
Total	\$ 17,327,629	\$	(\$5,373,970)

\$3,895,353 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) or Resources				
2017	•	1,422,711			
2017	Ψ	1,485,337			
2019		3,497,950			
2020		1,652,308			
2021		-			
Thereafter		_			
	\$	8.058.306			

J) Recognition of Gains and Losses

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

9) RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

J) Recognition of Gains and Losses - Continued

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected

and actual earnings 5 year straight-line amortization

All other amounts Straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lives

of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired)

as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired).

The EARSL for the Plan for the June 30, 2016 measurement period is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 2,131 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 577 (the total number of participant: active, inactive, and retired).

10) POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description

The District participates in the County's program that provides retiree medical benefits for eligible retirees enrolled in County-sponsored and administered retiree medical plans. Benefit provisions are established and amended through negotiations between the County and the respective unions. All employees who retire from active employment after age 50 with 5 years of District service (and are immediately eligible for CalPERS pension benefits) are eligible to participate. Former employees eligible for CalPERS pension benefits but who are not eligible for retirement at termination of employment are not eligible for retiree health benefits. As of June 30, 2017, 85 District employees meet the age eligibility requirements, 77 of which will be covered upon retirement while the remaining 8 will qualify upon reaching 5 years of service. Another 82 employees have sufficient time in service to qualify for these benefits upon retirement after age 50.

The District provides retirees access to the same medical coverage as active participants. Prior to age 65, the retiree premiums are the same as active premiums and are developed by blending active and retiree costs. This benefit ceased on January 1, 2011. Currently, all retirees are required to pay "retiree only" (i.e. unblended) premium rates. Participants who retired prior to January 1, 2009 were eligible for this benefit. After age 65, retiree premiums are based exclusively on retiree costs.

The District has established a qualified Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust with the California Employers' Retiree Trust (CERBT) to administer the assets of retiree medical plan benefits for District employees. The CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information related to the established trust. The report may be obtained from CalPERS Employer Services Division, P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

10) POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - Continued

Funding Policy

The District contributes a portion of an eligible retiree's medical plan premium under a County sponsored health plan (either at retirement or during a subsequent annual enrollment) for the retiree's lifetime. The current monthly amount paid by the District ranges from \$25.00 - \$256.00, depending on the retiree's bargaining unit at retirement. These amounts do not increase in future years to account for inflation.

Dental and vision benefits offered to the District retirees are not considered to vary by age or demographics. Therefore, because a retiree must pay the entire premium amount to receive dental and vision benefits, there is no liability to the District for providing these benefits.

In June 2004, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement 45 (GASB 45). GASB 45 addresses accounting and financial reporting for post-employment benefits other than pensions, referred to as OPEB, and requires the District to report OPEB costs on an actuarial basis to account for the future costs of promised benefits. The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. GASB requires the ARC to be developed each year based on the plan's assets and liabilities. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. Although GASB does not actually require prefunding, the portion of the ARC that is not funded each year would accumulate as a liability on the District's financial statements. Therefore, the District has contributed amounts in excess of the ARC resulting in a net OPEB asset for 2016-17.

The District's annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation (asset) and the related information for fiscal year ending 2017 were as follows:

\$ 2,000
(40,436)
56,545
18,109
-
18,109
(683,384)
\$ (665,275)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

Three-Year Trend Information

	Percentage of OPEB						
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Asset (NOA)				
June 30, 2015	\$ (5,681)	783%	\$ (655,104)				
June 30, 2016	(6,280)	698%	(683,384)				
June 30, 2017	(18,109)	0%	(665,275)				

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

10) POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2016 was as follows:

	7/1/2016
Actuarial Accrued Liability (a) Actuarial Value on Plan Assets (b)	\$ 498,000 555,000
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	
(Funding Excess) (a) - (b)	(57,000)
Funded Ratio (b) / (a)	111.4%
Covered Payroll (c)	\$ 17,706,000
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	
(Funding Excess) as a Percentage	
of Covered Payroll ([(a) - (b)] / (c))	(0.32)%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the District and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	07/01/2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Future Payroll, Open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	15-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	6.12%
Projected Salary Increases	3.00%
Healthcare Inflation Rate (Initial)	10.00%
Healthcare Inflation Rate (Ultimate)	5.00%
Inflation Rate	2.75%

11) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Lawsuits and Other Claims

The District is named in various legal actions. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these actions will not have a significant effect on the District's financial position, results or operations. The estimated amount of remaining construction contract obligations at year-end is \$2,635,351.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

12) UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION DEFICIT

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, requires the reporting of the District's unfunded pension liability resulting in the government-wide financial statements reporting a deficit unrestricted net position of \$35,022,532 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CONTENTS

- Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Plan Contributions of Retirement Program, and Schedule of Funding Progress of OPEB
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules:
 - ⇒ General Fund
 - ⇒ Special Revenue Funds

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Schedule of Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios During the Measurement Period – Retirement Program

Measurement Period ¹	 2016	 2015		2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service Cost	\$ 2,736,183	\$ 2,605,929	\$	2,658,904
Interest on Total Pension Liability	12,355,012	11,562,462		10,888,518
Changes of Assumptions ²	-	1,641,380		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	3,136,481	(2,831,312)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	 (7,290,390)	 (6,729,370)		(6,006,531)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 10,937,286	\$ 6,249,089	\$	7,540,891
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	 160,644,035	 154,394,946	_	146,854,055
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$ 171,581,321	\$ 160,644,035	\$	154,394,946
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contributions – Employer	\$ 3,444,770	\$ 2,917,761	\$	2,792,524
Contributions – Employee	1,355,866	1,276,885		1,393,782
Net Investment Income ³	665,782	2,659,895		17,670,115
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(7,290,390)	(6,729,370)		(6,006,531)
Administrative Expense	(72,144)	(133,244)		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ (1,896,116)	\$ (8,073)	\$	15,849,890
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	\$ 118,375,676	\$ 118,383,749	\$	102,533,859
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	116,479,560	118,375,676		118,383,749
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) – Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 55,101,761	\$ 42,268,359	\$	36,011,197
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	67.89%	73.69%		76.68%
Covered Payroll	\$ 16,643,449	\$ 15,837,660	\$	15,385,395
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	331.07%	266.89%		234.06%

Schedule of Plan Contributions – Retirement Program

Fiscal Year End ¹	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined	\$ 3,895,353	\$ 3,444,770	\$ 2,917,761	\$ 2,792,524
Contribution	(3,895,353)	(3,444,770)	(2,917,761)	(2,792,524)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll ⁴	\$ 17,142,753	\$ 16,643,449	\$ 15,837,660	\$ 15,385,395
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	22.72%	20.70%	18.42%	18.15%

¹Last ten years of data is not presented as the District implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2014-2015 using a measurement period of 2013-2014.

² In 2015, the amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

³ Net of administrative expenses in 2014.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Includes one year's payroll growth using 3.00 percent payroll assumption.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Schedule of Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

A summary of principal assumptions and method used to determine the Fiscal Year 2016 -17 actuarially determined contribution is shown below.

Actuarial Valuation Date
Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method
Asset Valuation Method
Dune 30, 2014
Entry Age Normal
Level Percentage of Payroll
15 Year Smoothed Market

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.50%

Projected Salary Increases 3.30% to 14.20% depending on Age, Service, and type of employment

Inflation Rate 2.75% Payroll Growth 3.00%

Individual Salary Growth

A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation growth of

2.75% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.

Schedule of Funding Progress Other Postemployment Benefits – OPEB

The table below shows a three-year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial liability as a percentage of annual covered payrolls as of June 30:

		Actuarial				Unfunded (Assets
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			in Excess of) AAL
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	(Assets in	Funded	Covered	as a Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	Excess of) AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c
July 1, 2014	\$532,000	\$479,000	\$(53,000)	111.10%	\$16,297,000	(0.30%)
July 1, 2015	\$556,000	\$395,000	\$(161,000)	140.80%	\$17,194,000	(0.94%)
July 1, 2016	\$555,000	\$498,000	\$(57,000)	111.40%	\$17,706,000	(0.32%)

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Notes to Required Supplemental Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

In accordance with the provisions of the State of California, County Budget Act, Government Code Sections 29000-29144 and Section 30200, the District prepares and adopts a budget under the supervision and control of the Riverside County, Board of Supervisors (the Board) on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the General fund and Special Revenue funds and are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

As adopted by the Board, the District controls expenditures at the class or appropriation level within each category presented on the financial statements as follows:

- General Government
- Public Ways and Facilities
- Capital outlay
- Debt service payments for principal and interest
- Transfers

Encumbrances are commitments related to contracts executed for goods or services. Encumbrances are recorded for budgetary control and accountability purposes in the General and Special Revenue funds. Any outstanding encumbrances at year-end represent the estimated amount of expenditures that may result if the contracts in progress at year-end are completed. If the District has recorded these outstanding contracts in the next fiscal year's budget then encumbrances are not recorded. The unencumbered balances (appropriations less expenditures and encumbrances) lapse at year-end.

Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources compared to expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the State of California, County Budget Act.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District General Fund

The General	Fund is	available	for any	authorized	purpose	and i	s used	to	account f	or all	financial	resources	except
for those acco	ounted fo	or in other	funds.										

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

							riance with nal Budget
	 Budgeted A	Amoı	ints		Actual		Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 3,589,029	\$	3,589,029	\$	3,667,191	\$	78,162
Redevelopment Pass-thru	554,192		554,192		612,804		58,612
Special Assessments	-		-		14		14
Intergovernmental	49,830		49,830		41,616		(8,214)
Charges for Services	899,200		899,200		658,918		(240,282)
Charges for Administrative Services	8,000		8,000		-		(8,000)
Investment Earnings	20,000		20,000		15,690		(4,310)
Use of Assets	 				1,020		1,020
Total Revenues	5,120,251		5,120,251		4,997,253		(122,998)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	6,742,902		6,742,902		6,715,062		27,840
Capital Outlay	 98,400		98,400	_	54,870		43,530
Total Expenditures	 6,841,302		6,841,302		6,769,932		71,370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,721,051)		(1,721,051)		(1,772,679)		(51,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	1,395,760		1,395,760		1,363,260		(32,500)
Transfers Out	 (400,000)		(400,000)				400,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	995,760		995,760		1,363,260		367,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(725,291)		(725,291)		(409,419)		315,872
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,808,341		3,808,341		3,333,570		(474,771)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,083,050	\$	3,083,050	\$	2,924,151	\$	(158,899)

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Special Revenue Funds

- Zone 1: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 1. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 2: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 2. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 3: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 3. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 4: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 4. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 5: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 5. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 6: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 6. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- Zone 7: This special revenue fund represents District Zone 7. This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in this geographical zone. Ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, local cooperative agreements and Federal monies primarily finance this fund.
- *NPDES Whitewater:* This special revenue fund was established to account for revenue and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Whitewater assessment area. A benefit assessment area primarily finances this fund.
- *NPDES Santa Ana:* This special revenue fund was established to account for revenue and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Santa Ana assessment area. A benefit assessment area primarily finances this fund.
- *NPDES Santa Margarita:* This special revenue fund was established to account for revenue and expenditures related to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) in the Santa Margarita assessment area. A benefit assessment area primarily finances this fund.

	Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 7,670,622	\$	7,670,622	\$ 7,792,792	\$	122,170
Redevelopment Pass-thru	1,656,247		1,656,247	2,192,191		535,944
Intergovernmental	84,890		84,890	88,056		3,166
Charges for Services	12,750		12,750	2,577		(10,173)
Area Drainage Fees	5,000		5,000	305,878		300,878
Investment Earnings	77,776		77,776	105,072		27,296
Use of Assets	 83,939		83,939	164,954		81,015
Total Revenues	9,591,224		9,591,224	 10,651,520		1,060,296
EXPENDITURES						
Public Ways and Facilities	16,073,351		15,873,351	5,454,361		10,418,990
Capital Outlay	 25,000		225,000	 2,733,252		(2,508,252)
Total Expenditures	16,098,351		16,098,351	8,187,613		7,910,738
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,507,127)		(6,507,127)	 2,463,907		8,971,034
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	19,443		19,443	-		(19,443)
Transfers Out	 (343,171)		(343,171)	 (228,137)		115,034
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(323,728)		(323,728)	 (228,137)		95,591
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,830,855)		(6,830,855)	2,235,770		9,066,625
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 24,973,808		24,973,808	 25,145,123		171,315
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 18,142,953	\$	18,142,953	\$ 27,380,893	\$	9,237,940

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				(10 8 10 10)
Property Taxes	\$ 13,412,628	\$ 13,412,628	\$ 13,787,125	\$ 374,497
Redevelopment Pass-thru	1,269,857	1,269,857	1,915,620	645,763
Intergovernmental	159,532	159,532	157,407	(2,125)
Charges for Services	1,500	1,500	1,217	(283)
Area Drainage Fees	1,000	1,000	92,857	91,857
Investment Earnings	192,098	192,098	282,967	90,869
Use of Assets	100	100	100	
Total Revenues	15,036,715	15,036,715	16,237,293	1,200,578
EXPENDITURES				
Public Ways and Facilities	33,965,093	33,965,093	8,244,637	25,720,456
Capital Outlay	12,200,000	12,200,000	30,000	12,170,000
Total Expenditures	46,165,093	46,165,093	8,274,637	37,890,456
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(31,128,378)	(31,128,378)	7,962,656	39,091,034
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	850,000	850,000	-	(850,000)
Transfers Out	(469,128)	(469,128)	(284,862)	184,266
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	380,872	380,872	(284,862)	(665,734)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,747,506)	(30,747,506)	7,677,794	38,425,300
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	68,805,734	68,805,734	70,203,721	1,397,987
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 38,058,228	\$ 38,058,228	\$ 77,881,515	\$ 39,823,287

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budge	ted Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,794,594	\$ 1,794,594	\$ 1,828,664	\$ 34,070
Redevelopment Pass-thru	596,135	5 596,135	757,244	161,109
Intergovernmental	121,200	121,200	20,704	(100,496)
Charges for Services			2,109	2,109
Investment Earnings	43,28	43,281	43,660	379
Total Revenues	2,555,210	2,555,210	2,652,381	97,171
EXPENDITURES				
Public Ways and Facilities	4,670,464	4,670,464	1,863,590	2,806,874
Capital Outlay	200,000	200,000		200,000
Total Expenditures	4,870,464	4,870,464	1,863,590	3,006,874
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,315,254	(2,315,254)	788,791	3,104,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	22,545	5 22,545	=	(22,545)
Transfers Out	(113,883	(113,883)	(68,171)	45,712
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(91,338	(91,338)	(68,171)	23,167
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,406,592	2) (2,406,592)	720,620	3,127,212
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	10,563,683	3 10,563,683	10,742,746	179,063
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,157,091	\$ 8,157,091	\$ 11,463,366	\$ 3,306,275

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 14,837,847	\$ 14,837,847	\$ 14,211,595	\$ (626,252)
Redevelopment Pass-thru	1,621,602	1,621,602	2,085,028	463,426
Special Assessments	-	-	459	459
Intergovernmental	11,855,203	11,855,203	8,318,332	(3,536,871)
Charges for Services	1,500	1,500	6,893	5,393
Area Drainage Fees	100,000	100,000	1,097,197	997,197
Investment Earnings	224,375	224,375	119,525	(104,850)
Use of Assets	7,800	7,800	7,800	
Total Revenues	28,648,327	28,648,327	25,846,829	(2,801,498)
EXPENDITURES				
Public Ways and Facilities	44,796,860	44,796,860	11,278,529	33,518,331
Capital Outlay	200,000	200,000	7,509,295	(7,309,295)
Total Expenditures	44,996,860	44,996,860	18,787,824	26,209,036
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,348,533)	(16,348,533)	7,059,005	23,407,538
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	852,855	852,855	-	(852,855)
Transfers Out	(4,766,795)	(4,766,795)	(3,256,757)	1,510,038
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,913,940)	(3,913,940)	(3,256,757)	657,183
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,262,473)	(20,262,473)	3,802,248	24,064,721
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	33,772,593	33,772,593	40,830,890	7,058,297
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 13,510,120	\$ 13,510,120	\$ 44,633,138	\$ 31,123,018

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,932,401	\$ 2,932,401	\$ 3,053,934	\$ 121,533
Redevelopment Pass-thru	450,000	450,000	504,351	54,351
Intergovernmental	2,034,424	2,034,424	34,554	(1,999,870)
Charges for Services	-	-	455	455
Investment Earnings	39,677	39,677	54,172	14,495
Total Revenues	5,456,502	5,456,502	3,647,466	(1,809,036)
EXPENDITURES				
Public Ways and Facilities	12,337,819	12,337,819	1,499,399	10,838,420
Capital Outlay	125,000	125,000	498,426	(373,426)
Total Expenditures	12,462,819	12,462,819	1,997,825	10,464,994
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,006,317)	(7,006,317)	1,649,641	8,655,958
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	5,863	5,863	-	(5,863)
Transfers Out	(129,072)	(129,072)	(66,303)	62,769
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(123,209)	(123,209)	(66,303)	56,906
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,129,526)	(7,129,526)	1,583,338	8,712,864
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	12,791,037	12,791,037	13,251,787	460,750
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,661,511	\$ 5,661,511	\$ 14,835,125	\$ 9,173,614

		D 1 1						nriance with
		Budgeted Original	Am	Final		Actual	(Positive
REVENUES		Original		rillai	-	Amounts		Negative)
Property Taxes	\$	4,198,519	\$	4,198,519	\$	4,099,621	\$	(98,898)
Redevelopment Pass-thru	Ψ	827,674	Ψ	827,674	Ψ	1,078,217	Ψ	250,543
Intergovernmental		42,943		42,943		45,806		2,863
Charges for Services		300		300		20,749		20,449
Investment Earnings		62,460		62,460		49,597		(12,863)
Use of Assets		3,600		3,600		3,600		
Total Revenues		5,135,496		5,135,496		5,297,590		162,094
EXPENDITURES								
Public Ways and Facilities		9,975,805		9,975,805		2,809,475		7,166,330
Capital Outlay		132,000		132,000				132,000
Total Expenditures		10,107,805		10,107,805		2,809,475		7,298,330
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,972,309)		(4,972,309)		2,488,115		7,460,424
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		17,063		17,063		-		(17,063)
Transfers Out		(180,418)		(180,418)		(117,624)		62,794
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(163,355)		(163,355)		(117,624)		45,731
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,135,664)		(5,135,664)		2,370,491		7,506,155
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		11,559,120		11,559,120		12,185,020		625,900
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	6,423,456	\$	6,423,456	\$	14,555,511	\$	8,132,055

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Fi	nriance with nal Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	4,573,678	\$	4,573,678	\$ 4,637,585	\$	63,907
Redevelopment Pass-thru		364,215		364,215	380,373		16,158
Intergovernmental		54,916		54,916	53,027		(1,889)
Charges for Services		-		-	25,200		25,200
Area Drainage Fees		100,000		100,000	157,758		57,758
Investment Earnings		85,331		85,331	 77,268		(8,063)
Total Revenues		5,178,140		5,178,140	 5,331,211		153,071
EXPENDITURES							
Public Ways and Facilities		7,921,956		7,921,956	2,897,617		5,024,339
Capital Outlay		83,000		83,000	 1,634,444		(1,551,444)
Total Expenditures		8,004,956		8,004,956	 4,532,061		3,472,895
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,826,816)		(2,826,816)	 799,150		3,625,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		10,710		10,710	-		(10,710)
Transfers Out		(212,873)		(212,873)	 (135,798)		77,075
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(202,163)		(202,163)	 (135,798)		66,365
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,028,979)		(3,028,979)	663,352		3,692,331
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		20,399,862		20,399,862	 20,355,913		(43,949)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	17,370,883	\$	17,370,883	\$ 21,019,265	\$	3,648,382

		Budgeted	ounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
REVENUES								
Special Assessments	\$	299,000	\$	299,000	\$	301,139	\$	2,139
Intergovernmental		400,000		400,000		-		(400,000)
Investment Earnings		4,208		4,208		6,786		2,578
Total Revenues		703,208		703,208		307,925		(395,283)
EXPENDITURES								
Public Ways and Facilities		531,853		531,853		335,268		196,585
Total Expenditures	_	531,853		531,853		335,268		196,585
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		171,355		171,355		(27,343)		(198,698)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out				_		(6,239)		(6,239)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(6,239)		(6,239)
Net Change in Fund Balance		171,355		171,355		(33,582)		(204,937)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,839,765		1,839,765		1,883,901		44,136
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,011,120	\$	2,011,120	\$	1,850,319	\$	(160,801)

	Budgeted Amounts							nriance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES		- <u>8</u>						
Special Assessments	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,345,660	\$	345,660
Intergovernmental		1,000,000		1,000,000		-		(1,000,000)
Investment Earnings		18,144		18,144		24,969		6,825
Total Revenues		3,018,144		3,018,144		2,370,629		(647,515)
EXPENDITURES								
Public Ways and Facilities		3,241,773		3,241,773		2,058,829		1,182,944
Total Expenditures		3,241,773		3,241,773		2,058,829		1,182,944
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(223,629)		(223,629)		311,800		535,429
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out						(29,823)		(29,823)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(29,823)		(29,823)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(223,629)		(223,629)		281,977		505,606
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		5,268,647		5,268,647		6,535,134		1,266,487
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,045,018	\$	5,045,018	\$	6,817,111	\$	1,772,093

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	_	Original	AIII	Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES	Originar							(Freguerre)	
Special Assessments	\$	490,000	\$	490,000	\$	514,401	\$	24,401	
Intergovernmental		1,806,545	_	1,806,545	-	1,391,338	_	(415,207)	
Investment Earnings		5,144		5,144		4,916		(228)	
Total Revenues		2,301,689		2,301,689		1,910,655		(391,034)	
EXPENDITURES									
Public Ways and Facilities		2,208,287		2,208,287		1,706,007		502,280	
Total Expenditures		2,208,287		2,208,287		1,706,007		502,280	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		93,402		93,402		204,648		111,246	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers Out		(26,000)		(26,000)		(25,046)		954	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(26,000)		(26,000)		(25,046)		954	
Net Change in Fund Balance		67,402		67,402		179,602		112,200	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,286,279		1,286,279		1,854,814		568,535	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,353,681	\$	1,353,681	\$	2,034,416	\$	680,735	

SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION



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- Combining Statements
 - ⇒ Other Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 - ⇒ Other Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements:
 - ⇒ Non-Major Enterprise Funds
 - ⇒ Internal Service Funds
 - ⇒ Agency Funds



Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Other Governmental Funds

Other Governmental Funds reported in the Fund Financial Statements is made up of the Flood Control Capital Project Fund and the Zone 4 Debt Service Fund:

The *Flood Control Capital Project Fund* was established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds types.

The *Zone 4 Debt Service fund* was established to service the debt incurred by Zone 4 for the construction of Zone 4 flood control facilities. The fund receives transfers from Zone 4 revenues to pay principal and interest on promissory notes.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

	Flood Control Capital Project		Zone 4 Debt Service			
	Fund		Fund		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,324	\$	88	\$	18,412
Receivables:						
Interest Receivable		24				24
Total Assets	\$	18,348	\$	88	\$	18,436
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects	\$	18,348	\$	-	\$	18,348
Debt Service		-		88		88
Total Fund Balances		18,348		88		18,436
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	18,348	\$	88	\$	18,436

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds

	Flood Co Capital P Fun	rojects	Deb	Zone 4 It Service Fund	Total
REVENUES	1				
Investment Earnings (Loss)		74			74
Total Revenues		74		_	74
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal		-		1,920,000	1,920,000
Interest				935,500	935,500
Total Expenditures				2,855,500	 2,855,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		74_		(2,855,500)	 (2,855,426)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In				2,855,500	2,855,500
Total Transfers In (Out)				2,855,500	 2,855,500
Net Change in Fund Balances		74		-	74
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		18,274		88	 18,362
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	18,348	\$	88	\$ 18,436

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other Governmental Funds

		Budgeted	Amo	nints	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original Original	7 1111	Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES		- <u>8</u>					(= 11 8 11 1 1)	
Charges for Services	\$	200	\$	200	\$	-	\$	(200)
Investment Earnings (Loss)		300		300		74		(226)
Total Revenues		500		500		74		(426)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay	950,000			950,000		-		950,000
Debt Service Principal	1,920,000		1,920,000		1,920,000			-
Debt Service Interest	935,500			935,500	935,500			
Total Expenditures		3,805,500		3,805,500		2,855,500		950,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,805,000)	(3,805,000		(2,855,42			949,574
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		3,806,000		3,806,000		2,855,500		(950,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,806,000		3,806,000		2,855,500		(950,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,000		1,000		74		(926)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		19,360		19,360		18,362		(998)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	20,360	\$	20,360	\$	18,436	\$	(1,924)

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Photogrammetry Operations Fund: This fund was established to account for revenues and expenses related to surveying and mapping services performed within the County of Riverside by the Photogrammetry section. Surveying and mapping services are provided to other governmental agencies, private enterprises and individuals.

Encroachment Permits Fund: This fund was established to account for revenue and expenses related to encroachment permit services performed by the Encroachment Permit section. These services are provided to other governmental agencies, developers and individuals. Governmental agencies, developers and individuals must obtain an encroachment permit from the District to gain temporary access to flood control facilities for purposes of completing other construction projects not sponsored by the District.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

June 30, 2017

	Photogrammetry Operations		roachment Permits	 Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	839,030	\$ 393,443	\$ 1,232,473
Receivables:				
Accounts Receivable		103	2,684	2,787
Interest Receivable		1,155	714	1,869
Due from Other Funds		-	7	7
Due from Other Governments			2,371	 2,371
Total Current Assets		840,288	399,219	1,239,507
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted Cash		5,256	158,857	164,113
Capital Assets:				
Depreciable, Net		1,203	 	 1,203
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,459	158,857	165,316
Total Assets		846,747	558,076	1,404,823
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Current liabilities:				
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,407	5,836	8,243
Due to Other Funds		144	1,086	1,230
Due to Other Tunus Due to Other Governments		77	1,000	77
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		2,192	1,774	3,966
Developer and Other Agency Deposits		-,-,-	162,857	 162,857
Total Current Liabilities		4,820	 171,553	 176,373
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences		10,114	5,473	 15,587
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,114	 5,473	 15,587
Total Liabilities		14,934	177,026	191,960
Net Position:				
Investment in Capital Assets		1,203	-	1,203
Unrestricted		830,610	381,050	 1,211,660
Total Net Position	\$	831,813	\$ 381,050	\$ 1,212,863

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

	Photogrammetry Operations		roachment Permits		Total
OPERATING REVENUES				•	
Charges for Services	\$	150,117	\$ 126,059	\$	276,176
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel Services		133,224	73,556		206,780
Administrative Services		5,080	18,348		23,428
Services and Supplies		58,346	27,204		85,550
Depreciation		859			859
Total Operating Expenses		197,509	 119,108		316,617
Operating Income (Loss)		(47,392)	 6,951		(40,441)
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Investment Earnings		3,623	 2,289		5,912
Income (Loss)		(43,769)	9,240		(34,529)
Change in Net Position		(43,769)	9,240		(34,529)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		875,582	371,810		1,247,392
Net Position, End of Year	\$	831,813	\$ 381,050	\$	1,212,863

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Photogrammetry Operations		Encroachment Permits		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers/Other Funds Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$	151,814 (63,208) (126,806)	\$	104,913 (49,121) (75,128)	\$	256,727 (112,329) (201,934)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(38,200)		(19,336)		(57,536)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments		3,535		2,271		5,806
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		3,535		2,271		5,806
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		(34,665) 878,951		(17,065) 569,365		(51,730) 1,448,316
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	844,286	\$	552,300	\$	1,396,586
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(47,392)	\$	6,951	\$	(40,441)
to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities: Depreciation Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in:		859		-		859
Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments		(15) 1,712		(726) (7) 2,412		(741) 1,705 2,412
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences Due to Other Governments Developer and Other Agency Deposits		2,392 141 4,026 77		(4,345) 2,749 776 (4,321) - (22,825)		(4,345) 5,141 917 (295) 77 (22,825)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(38,200)	\$	(19,336)	\$	(57,536)

There were no significant noncash investing, financing, or capital activities.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Internal Service Funds

Hydrology Services Fund: This fund was established to account for revenues and expenses related to hydrological information services performed by the Hydrology section. These services are provided to support zone projects and are charged to the special revenue funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Garage Fund: This fund was established to account for revenue and expenses related to the operation and maintenance of the District's vehicles. Garage services are provided to support the fleet of vehicles and heavy equipment needed to maintain flood control facilities. These services are charged to all District funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Project Maintenance Fund: This fund was established to account for revenues and expenses related to the maintenance of the District's flood control facilities. Project maintenance services include weed abatement, repair and preventative maintenance of flood control facilities. These services are charged to the special revenue funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Mapping Services Fund: This fund was established to account for revenues and expenses related to mapping services performed by the Mapping section. These services are provided to support zone projects and are charged to the special revenue funds of the District.

Data Processing Fund: This fund was established to account for revenues and expenses related to data processing services performed by the Information Technology section. Data processing services include software system support for the computer network, data structure design and organization of the District computer systems. These services are charged to all District funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2017

	Hydrology Services			Garage	Project Maintenance		
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	54,299	\$	4,402,323	\$	106,683	
Receivables:							
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-	
Interest Receivable		38		5,115		102	
Due from Other Funds		-		87,262		-	
Due from Other Governments		-		-		_	
Inventories		-		69,023		207,378	
Total Current Assets		54,337		4,563,723		314,163	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Depreciable, Net		-		2,685,118			
Total Noncurrent Assets		-		2,685,118			
Total Assets		54,337		7,248,841		314,163	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:		6 220		<i>(5.</i> 711		7.220	
Accounts Payable		6,339		65,711		7,220	
Salaries and Benefits Payable		14,671		43,165		689	
Due to Other Funds		3,697		3,809		4	
Due to Other Governments		34,032		122		45	
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		2,898	-	10,357	-	783	
Total Current Liabilities		61,637		123,164		8,741	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences		16,285		58,190		4,398	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		16,285		58,190		4,398	
Total Liabilities		77,922		181,354		13,139	
Net Position:							
Investment in Capital Assets		-		2,685,118		-	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(23,585)		4,382,369		301,024	
Total Net Position	\$	(23,585)	\$	7,067,487	\$	301,024	

Mapping Data Services Processing			Total
\$ 113,699	\$	2,285,372	\$ 6,962,376
9,699		-	9,699
191		2,487	7,933
38		71,324	158,624
5		-	5
			 276,401
123,632		2,359,183	7,415,038
 35,822		32,558	2,753,498
 35,822		32,558	 2,753,498
159,454		2,391,741	10,168,536
1,059		48,576	128,905
10,975		24,997	94,497
1,247		207	8,964
42		1,530	35,771
 2,810		5,399	 22,247
16,133		80,709	290,384
15.700		20.227	124 000
15,789		30,337	124,999
 15,789		30,337	 124,999
31,922		111,046	415,383
35,822		32,558	2,753,498
 91,710		2,248,137	 6,999,655
\$ 127,532	\$	2,280,695	\$ 9,753,153

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

	ydrology Services	Garage		Project iintenance
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 517,806	\$ 3,220,380	\$	287,751
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel Services	206,143	732,008		7,091
Administrative Services	82,840	201,080		480
Services and Supplies	352,290	1,182,337		267,893
Depreciation		891,343		
Total Operating Expenses	641,273	 3,006,768		275,464
Operating Income (Loss)	(123,467)	 213,612		12,287
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Investment Earnings (Loss)	35	13,507		244
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		82,456		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	35	95,963	,	244
Changes in Net Position	(123,432)	309,575		12,531
Net Position, Beginning of Year	99,847	6,757,912		288,493
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (23,585)	\$ 7,067,487	\$	301,024

Mapping Services	ī	Data Processing	Total
 Services		Tocessing	Total
\$ 175,503	\$	3,048,808	\$ 7,250,248
197,038		382,805	1,525,085
45,560		139,879	469,839
80,977		1,994,738	3,878,235
21,411		16,015	928,769
 344,986		2,533,437	6,801,928
(169,483)		515,371	448,320
676		6,193	20,655
1,250		-	83,706
1,200			 02,700
 1,926		6,193	 104,361
(167,557)		521,564	552,681
295,089		1,759,131	9,200,472
\$ 127,532	\$	2,280,695	\$ 9,753,153

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Hydrology Services			Garage	Project Maintenance	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Receipts from Interfund Services Provided Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$	517,806 (450,819) (202,891)	\$	3,204,170 (1,780,440) (732,071)	\$	287,751 (336,924) (9,217)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities		(135,904)		691,659		(58,390)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPTIAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		- -		82,456 (382,910)		- -
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities				(300,454)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments		70		13,279		286
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		70		13,279		286
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	·	(135,834) 190,133		404,484 3,997,839		(58,104) 164,787
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	54,299	\$	4,402,323	\$	106,683
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	(123,467)	\$	213,612	\$	12,287
Depreciation		-		891,343		-
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventories Increase (Decrease) in:		- - -		(16,210) 2,567		(39,357)
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences Due to Other Governments		(2,087) 5,546 1,385 (2,294) (14,987)		(400,189) 12,911 594 (12,974) 5		(29,160) (2,006) (49) (120) 15
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	(135,904)	\$	691,659	\$	(58,390)

There were no significant noncash investing, financing, or capital activities.

Mapping			Data						
Services]	Processing	Total					
\$	173,845 (128,040) (196,951)	\$	3,038,810 (2,161,868) (375,331)	\$	7,222,382 (4,858,091) (1,516,461)				
	(151,146)		501,611	847,830					
	1,250		-		83,706				
	(25,598)		(18,290)		(426,798)				
	(24,348)		(18,290)		(343,092)				
	502		5,661		19,798				
	502		5,661		19,798				
	(174,992) 288,691		488,982 1,796,390		524,536 6,437,840				
\$	113,699	\$	2,285,372	\$	6,962,376				
\$	(169,483)	\$	515,371	\$	448,320				
	21,411		16,015		928,769				
	(1,620) (38)		(9,998) -		(1,620) (26,246) (36,790)				
	(1,673)		27,619		(405,490)				
	1,543		7,692		25,686				
	128 (1,456)		(56,353) (218)		(54,295) (17,062)				
	42		1,483		(17,002)				
\$	(151,146)	\$	501,611	\$	847,830				

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Agency Funds

Flood Stop Notices Fund: This fund was established to account for "stop notice" payment funds withheld from vendors under contract (primary contractor) with the District to construct flood control facilities. The primary contractor retains sub-contractors to provide services and materials to complete a construction project. A sub-contractor will file "stop notices" against a primary contractor when a primary contractor fails to make payment on an invoice. The District holds payment to the primary contractor until such a time when the primary contractor makes payment on outstanding invoices to the sub-contractor.

Special Subdivision Fund: This fund was established to account for funds placed on deposit by developers to ensure developer constructed flood control facilities are constructed in accordance with the conditions set forth by the District. The funds are released to the developer once the flood control facility has been inspected, approved and accepted into the District maintenance system pursuant to the terms of a Board of Supervisors executed agreement between the developer and the District.

Special assessment/improvement districts with debt without government obligation:

Elsinore Valley Assessment District – Zone 3: The bonds issued are for the purpose of providing funds for certain public improvements to a benefit assessment area of approximately 52 square miles within Zone 3. The phased improvements include the acquisition of real property and construction of certain storm and flood control facilities, together, with appurtenances and rights of way.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

	Beginning Balance		 Additions	 Deletions	Ending Balance		
Flood Stop Notices							
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	76,204	\$ 56,638	\$ 125,959	\$	6,883	
Total Assets	\$	76,204	\$ 56,638	\$ 125,959	\$	6,883	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	63,633	\$ 12,571	\$ 69,321	\$	6,883	
Due to Other Governments		12,571	 	 12,571		-	
Total Liabilities	\$	76,204	\$ 12,571	\$ 81,892	\$	6,883	
Special Subdivision							
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	3,887,877	\$ 1,086,715	\$ 2,157,943	\$	2,816,649	
Total Assets	\$	3,887,877	\$ 1,086,715	\$ 2,157,943	\$	2,816,649	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	3,887,877	\$ 	\$ 1,071,228	\$	2,816,649	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,887,877	\$ 	\$ 1,071,228	\$	2,816,649	

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Elsinore Valley Benefit District - Zone 3	Beginning Balance		Additions		 Deletions	Ending Balance		
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	4	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		1,062,643			 483,430		579,213	
Total Assets	\$	1,062,647	\$		\$ 483,430	\$	579,217	
LIABILITIES:								
Due to Bondholders	\$	1,062,647	\$		\$ 483,430	\$	579,217	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,062,647	\$		\$ 483,430	\$	579,217	
Total Agency Funds								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	3,964,085	\$	1,143,353	\$ 2,283,902	\$	2,823,536	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents		1,062,643			 483,430		579,213	
Total Assets	\$	5,026,728	\$	1,143,353	\$ 2,767,332	\$	3,402,749	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	3,951,510	\$	12,571	\$ 1,140,549	\$	2,823,532	
Due to Bondholders		1,062,647		-	483,430		579,217	
Due to Other Governments		12,571		-	 12,571			
Total Liabilities	\$	5,026,728	\$	12,571	\$ 1,636,550	\$	3,402,749	

STATISTICAL SECTION

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Financial Trends

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

106

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information 111

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

113

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 1

			Fiscal Year								
	2008			2009		2010		2011		2012	
Governmental Activities											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	658,848	\$	704,139	\$	723,372	\$	756,970	\$	804,107	
Restricted		195,493		223,886		237,211		251,826		256,317	
Unrestricted		10,124		10,610		15,014		9,459		7,773	
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	864,465	\$	938,635	\$	975,597	\$	1,018,255	\$1	,068,197	
					-						
Business-type Activities											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	39	\$	36	\$	13	\$	23	\$	16	
Unrestricted		3,286		3,691		3,452		2,263		2,613	
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$	3,325	\$	3,727	\$	3,465	\$	2,286	\$	2,629	
Primary Government											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	658,887	\$	704,175	\$	723,385	\$	756,993	\$	804,123	
Restricted		195,493		223,886		237,211		251,826		256,317	
Unrestricted		13,410		14,301		18,466		11,722		10,386	
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	867,790	\$	942,362	\$	979,062	\$	1,020,541	\$1	,070,826	

Source: CAFR - Statement of Net Position for the Government-wide Financial Statements

¹ Unrestricted net positions for fiscal year 2014 were restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 71

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 2

				Fi	scal Year				
201	3		2014 1		2015		2016	2017	
								 	Governmental Activities
\$ 827	,905	\$	851,201	\$	923,240	\$	946,551	\$ 958,273	Net Investment in Capital Assets
252	,220		255,222		215,008		203,985	223,412	Restricted
10	,534		(33,751)		(35,251)		(33,778)	(35,417)	Unrestricted
\$1,090	,659	\$1,	072,672	\$1	,102,997	\$ 1	1,116,758	\$ 1,146,268	Total Governmental Activities Net Position
									Business-type Activities
\$	7	\$	8	\$	5	\$	2	\$ 1	Net Investment in Capital Assets
2	,601		1,269		942		740	395	Unrestricted
\$ 2	,608	\$	1,277	\$	947	\$	742	\$ 396	Total Business-type Activities Net Position
									Primary Government
\$ 827	,912	\$	851,209	\$	923,245	\$	946,553	\$ 958,274	Net Investment in Capital Assets
252	,220		255,222		215,008		203,985	223,412	Restricted
13	,135		(32,482)		(34,309)		(33,038)	(35,022)	Unrestricted
\$1,093	,267	\$1,	073,949	\$1	,103,944	\$ 1	1,117,500	\$ 1,146,664	Total Primary Government Net Position

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 1

Capacitation Capa
Governmental Activities: \$ 9,195 \$ 9,660 \$ 5,928 \$ 5,572 \$ 4,248 Public ways and facilities 35,384 39,712 41,769 39,192 42,21 Interest on long-term debt
General government \$ 9,195 \$ 9,660 \$ 5,928 \$ 5,572 \$ 4,24 Public ways and facilities 35,384 39,712 41,769 39,192 42,21 Interest on long-term debt - - - - - - Total governmental activities expenses 44,579 49,372 47,697 44,764 46,46 Business-type Activities: -
Public ways and facilities 35,384 39,712 41,769 39,192 42,21 Interest on long-term debt -
Interest on long-term debt
Interest on long-term debt
Total governmental activities expenses 44,579 49,372 47,697 44,764 46,464 Business-type Activities: 3,833 2,340 1,520 2,298 1,32 Subdivision operations 202 246 93 285 11 Enroachment permits 135 237 167 157 15 Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Charges for services: Charges for services: \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Subdivision operations 3,833 2,340 1,520 2,298 1,32 Photogrammetry operations 202 246 93 285 11 Enroachment permits 135 237 167 157 15 Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services: 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Photogrammetry operations 202 246 93 285 11 Enroachment permits 135 237 167 157 15 Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services: \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Enroachment permits 135 237 167 157 157 Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services: \$ 4,248 \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Enroachment permits 135 237 167 157 157 Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services: \$ 4,248 \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Total business-type activities expenses 4,170 2,823 1,780 2,740 1,59 Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Charges for services: \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Total primary government expenses \$ 48,749 \$ 52,195 \$ 49,477 \$ 47,504 \$ 48,05 Program Revenues Governmental Activities 50 <t< td=""></t<>
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services: General government \$ 4,248 \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Governmental Activities Charges for services: \$ 4,248 \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Charges for services: 4,248 5,742 1,149 915 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
General government \$ 4,248 \$ 5,742 \$ 1,149 \$ 915 \$ 1,17 Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Public ways and facilities 4,770 9,087 5,215 4,508 3,83 Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Capital grants and contributions 23,565 45,798 21,538 35,479 44,89 Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Total governmental activities program revenues 32,583 60,627 27,902 40,902 49,91
Charges for services:
Subdivision operations 4,204 2,490 1,082 992 1,50
Photogrammetry operations 282 288 171 342 22
Enroachment permits 175 248 183 181 17
Total business-type activities program revenues 4,661 3,026 1,436 1,515 1,90
Total primary government program revenues \$ 37,244 \$ 63,653 \$ 29,338 \$ 42,417 \$ 51,81
Net (expense)/revenue
Governmental Activities \$ (11,996) \$ 11,255 \$ (19,795) \$ (3,862) \$ 3,44
Business-type Activities 491 203 (344) (1,225) 31
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue \$ (11,505) \$ 11,458 \$ (20,139) \$ (5,087) \$ 3,75
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities:
Property Taxes \$ 56,791 \$ 55,791 \$ 46,280 \$ 39,836 \$ 39,25
Redevelopment pass-thru 8,111 5,136 6,04
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings 8,349 5,835 2,324 1,425 1,17
Gain on sale of capital assets (161) 1,289 42 123 2
Transfers
Total Governmental Activities 64,979 62,915 56,757 46,520 46,49
Business-type Activities:
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings 332 199 82 46 3 Transfers
Total business-type activities 332 199 82 46 3
Total primary government \$ 65,311 \$ 63,114 \$ 56,839 \$ 46,566 \$ 46,52
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities \$ 52,983 \$ 74,170 \$ 36,962 \$ 42,658 \$ 49,94
Business-type Activities 823 402 (262) (1,179) 34
Total primary government \$ 53,806 \$ 74,572 \$ 36,700 \$ 41,479 \$ 50,28

Source: CAFR - Statement of Activities for the Government-wide Financial Statements

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

 $(Amounts\ Expressed\ in\ Thousands\ -\ Accrual\ Basis\ of\ Accounting)$ Page 2

				E.s.	aal Vaan				Page 2	
	2013		2014	r is	scal Year 2015		2016		2017	
	2013		2014		2015		2010		2017	Expenses
										Governmental Activities:
\$	4,017	\$	5,222	\$	6,001	\$	4,873	\$	8,994	General government
Ψ	45,046	Ψ	43,526	Ψ	48,921	Ψ	50,921	Ψ	48,541	Public ways and facilities
	-		-				739		674	Interest on long-term debt
	49,063		48,748		54,922		56,533		58,209	Total governmental activities expenses
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,				,	Business-type Activities:
	1,428		1,453		1,547		1,844		1,914	Subdivision operations
	234		171		91		163		194	Photogrammetry operations
	100		146		178		171		117	Enroachment permits
	1,762	1	1,770		1,816		2,178	-	2,225	Total business-type activities expenses
\$	50,825	\$	50,518	\$	56,738	\$	58,711	\$	60,434	Total primary government expenses
										Program Revenues
										Governmental Activities
										Charges for services:
\$	600	\$	517	\$	835	\$	681	\$	758	General government
·	8,128		4,488	·	6,610	·	4,209	·	11,999	Public ways and facilities
	13,057		15,770		21,991		4,524		11,527	Capital grants and contributions
	21,785	-	20,775		29,436		9,414		24,284	Total governmental activities program revenues
			,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,	Business-type Activities
										Charges for services:
	1,375		1,399		1,131		1,502		1,557	Subdivision operations
	247		216		124		251		150	Photogrammetry operations
	114		126		192		192		126	Enroachment permits
	1,736		1,741		1,447		1,945		1,833	Total business-type activities program revenues
\$	23,521	\$	22,516	\$	30,883	\$	11,359	\$	26,117	Total primary government program revenues
										Net (expense)/revenue
\$	(27,278)	\$	(27,973)	\$	(25,486)	\$	(47,119)	\$	(33,925)	Governmental Activities
7	(26)	-	(29)	_	(369)	-	(234)	_	(392)	Business-type Activities
\$	(27,304)	\$	(28,002)	\$	(25,855)	\$	(47,352)	\$	(34,317)	Total primary government net (expense)/revenue
		_		_				_	, ,	General Revenues and Other Changes in
										Net Position
										Governmental Activities:
\$	40,042	\$	42,593	\$	47,047	\$	49,854	\$	53,020	Property Taxes
7	9,811	-	7,733	_	7,698	-	9,514	_	9,526	Redevelopment pass-thru
	(224)		1,444		1,022		1,352		805	Unrestricted interest and investment earnings
	111		74		45		140		84	Gain on sale of capital assets
	_		(26)		(1)		21		_	Transfers
	49,740	-	51,818		55,811		60,881		63,435	Total Governmental Activities
		-								Business-type Activities:
	5		40		38		51		46	Unrestricted interest and investment earnings
			26		1		(21)		_	Transfers
	5	-	66		39		30		46	Total business-type activities
\$	49,745	\$	51,884	\$	55,850	\$	60,911	\$	63,481	Total primary government
			·							Change in Net Position
\$	22,462	\$	23,845	\$	30,325	\$	13,762	\$	29,510	Governmental Activities
-	(21)	7	37	r	(330)		(204)	r	(346)	Business-type Activities
\$	22,441	\$	23,882	\$	29,995	\$	13,558	\$	29,164	Total primary government
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_		_				1 10

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	roperty Taxes	Total
2007-08	\$ 56,791	\$ 56,791
2008-09	55,791	55,791
2009-10	46,280	46,280
2010-11	39,836	39,836
2011-12	39,258	39,258
2012-13	40,042	40,042
2013-14	42,593	42,593
2014-15	47,047	47,047
2015-16	49,854	49,854
2016-17	53,020	53,020

Source: CAFR - Statement of Activities for the Government-wide Financial Statements

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 1

	Fiscal Year									
		2008		2009		2010	2011			2012
General Fund										
Nonspendable for:										
Imprest Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Assigned to:										
Compensated absences		1,755		1,755		1,195		1,402		1,600
Restricted for:										
Unassigned		2,178		3,275		3,518		2,290		2,530
Total general fund	\$	3,933	\$	5,030	\$	4,713	\$	3,692	\$	4,130
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable for:										
Prepaid Items	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted for:										
Capital project fund		23		167		356		421		44
Public ways and facilities		195,493		223,886		237,211		251,826		252,128
Total all other governmental funds	\$	195,516	\$	224,053	\$	237,567		252,247		252,172

Source: CAFR - Balance Sheet for the Governmental Funds

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisca	l Yea	ır			
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
										General Fund
										Nonspendable for:
\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	Imprest Cash
										Assigned to:
	1,807		2,024		2,255		1,365		1,251	Compensated absences
										Restricted for:
	2,708		2,357		919		1,968		1,672	Unassigned
\$	4,516	\$	4,382	\$	3,175	\$	3,334	\$	2,924	Total general fund
										All other governmental funds
										All other governmental funds
\$	1,460	\$	1,095	\$	730	\$	365	\$	67	Nonspendable for:
Ф	1,400	Ф	1,093	Ф	730	Ф	303	Ф	07	Prepaid Items Restricted for:
	151		45		18		18		18	
	_		_						_	Capital project fund
Φ.	248,950		253,105		236,749	Φ.	202,624	Φ.	222,404	Public ways and facilities
<u> </u>	250,561	\$	254,245	\$	237,497	\$	203,007	\$	222,489	Total all other governmental funds

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 1

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012			
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 56,791	\$ 55,791	\$ 43,534	\$ 40,814	\$ 39,726			
Redevelopment pass-thru	-	-	6,229	5,173	7,885			
Special assessments	2,705	2,893	3,155	3,002	3,022			
Intergovernmental	463	645	795	711	627			
Charges for services	6,703	13,034	4,631	4,029	3,716			
Area drainage fees	1,406	1,000	662	524	299			
Investment Earnings (Loss)	8,095	5,680	2,265	1,389	1,143			
Contributions	-	-	2,415	-	-			
Use of assets	818	1,422	179	123	264			
Total revenues	76,981	80,465	63,865	55,765	56,682			
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	8,601	8,371	4,638	4,931	3,734			
Public ways and facilities	34,437	36,029	42,085	38,540	43,061			
Capital outlay	1,230	6,342	3,835	3,125	4,952			
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest								
Total expenditures	44,268	50,742	50,558	46,596	51,747			
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	32,713	29,723	13,307	9,169	4,935			
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-			
Original issue premium								
Transfers in	-	619	881	1,409	1,303			
Transfers out	(489)	(708)	(991)	(1,485)	(1,309)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(489)	(89)	(110)	(76)	(6)			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 32,224	\$ 29,634	\$ 13,197	\$ 9,093	\$ 4,929			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			

Source: CAFR - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Government Funds

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 2

			Fiscal Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017	
							Revenues
\$	40,225	\$ 42,729	\$ 47,095	\$ 49,792	\$	53,078	Property taxes
	9,811	7,733	7,698	9,514		9,526	Redevelopment pass-thru
	3,048	3,073	3,117	3,168		3,162	Special assessments
	619	2,330	3,412	2,815		10,151	Intergovernmental
	7,586	1,303	923	1,169		718	Charges for services
	408	1,266	2,965	587		1,654	Area drainage fees
	(216)	1,405	1,004	1,317		785	Investment Earnings (Loss)
	-	-	-	-		-	Contributions
	211	114	102	283		177	Use of assets
	61,692	59,953	66,316	68,645		79,251	Total revenues
							Expenditures
							Current:
	3,527	4,450	5,873	4,890		6,715	General government
	56,415	48,122	97,120	91,280		38,148	Public ways and facilities
	2,975	6,473	4,971	5,509		12,460	Capital outlay
				-			Debt service:
	-	-	-	350		1,920	Principal
	-	-	-	660		936	Interest
	62,917	59,045	107,964	102,689		60,179	Total expenditures
							Excess of revenues
	(1,225)	908	(41,648)	(34,044)		19,072	over (under) expenditures
							Other financing sources (uses)
	-	-	21,000	-		-	Issuance of debt
			2,423	-		-	Original issue premium
	7,262	4,048	661	1,538		4,219	Transfers in
	(7,262)	(1,262)	(391)	(1,826)		(4,219)	Transfers out
	_	2,786	23,693	(288)			Total other financing sources (uses)
\$	(1,225)	\$ 3,694	\$ (17,955)	\$ (34,332)	\$	19,072	Net change in fund balances
φ	(1,223)	ψ 3,074	Ψ (17,733)	ψ (54,552)	φ	19,072	The change in fully valances
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.05%		6.37%	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal	F	Property	
Year		Taxes	Total
2007-08	\$	56,791	\$ 56,791
2008-09		55,791	55,791
2009-10		43,534	43,534
2010-11		40,814	40,814
2011-12		39,726	39,726
2012-13		40,225	40,225
2013-14		42,729	42,729
2014-15		47,095	47,095
2015-16		49,792	49,792
2016-17		53,078	53,078

Source: CAFR - Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Page 1

Real Property

Personal Property

Fiscal Year	Residential		(Commercial			
Ended June 30		Property		Property	 Other	Other	
2007-08	\$	144,017,064	\$	43,619,731	\$ 49,753,730	\$	5,589,865
2008-09		120,318,983		46,176,540	45,510,406		5,433,642
2009-10		116,703,601		45,282,612	41,029,947		5,189,101
2010-11		116,682,034		44,399,930	39,131,300		4,974,428
2011-12		118,450,628		41,196,648	40,365,897		4,875,338
2012-13		125,539,662		41,735,886	40,917,312		4,782,681
2013-14		138,386,778		43,110,284	43,075,267		4,888,497
2014-15		147,264,519		45,223,550	45,338,854		4,889,808
2015-16		155,090,500		47,339,392	47,457,075		5,166,191
2016-17		163,900,000		50,213,646	49,790,363		5,243,330

Source: Assessor Annual Report - County of Riverside. Assessed Valuations are reported for all of Riverside County.

Notes: Property in the county is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at 100 percent of actual value, subject to the limitations of Prop 13, for all types of real and personal property.

Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

¹ Includes tax exempt property

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Page 2

Less: Tax Exempt Real Property		_	otal Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	 imated Actual axable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage Actual Value ¹
\$	6,109,816	\$	236,870,574	1.00000	\$ 242,980,390	97%
	6,154,324		211,285,247	1.00000	217,439,571	97%
	6,591,002		201,614,259	1.00000	208,205,261	97%
	6,800,011		198,387,681	1.00000	205,187,692	97%
	7,098,792		197,789,720	1.00000	204,888,511	97%
	7,285,965		205,689,576	1.00000	212,975,541	97%
	7,473,953		221,986,873	1.00000	229,460,826	97%
	7,743,168		234,973,563	1.00000	242,716,731	97%
	8,006,110		247,047,048	1.00000	255,053,158	97%
	8,526,218		260,621,121	1.00000	269,147,339	97%

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Property Tax Rates

Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

		Cou	nty				_
		Riverside				Metro	Total Direct &
Fiscal	Flood Control	County	County	School	City of	Water	Overlapping
Year	Zone 1	General	Wide	District	Riverside	West	Rates
2007-08	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.04775	0.00627	0.00450	1.05852
2008-09	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.43068	0.14552	0.00000	1.57620
2009-10	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.43068	0.14552	0.00000	1.57620
2010-11	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.43068	0.14552	0.00000	1.57620
2011-12	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.43068	0.14552	0.00000	1.57620
2012-13	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.04273	0.01331	0.00000	1.05604
2013-14	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.04226	0.01313	0.00000	1.05539
2014-15	0.00000	-	1.00000	0.04153	0.01279	0.00000	1.05432
2015-16	0.00422	-	1.00000	0.04113	0.01257	0.00000	1.05370
2016-17	0.00422	-	1.00000	0.04113	0.01242	0.00000	1.05355

Source: Auditor-Controller - County of Riverside, Auditor-Controller's Office

Notes:

- (1) The tax rate for Tax Rate Area 009-000, which applies to most property within the City of Riverside, is used to illustrate the breakdown of the tax rate within the County.
- (2) Flood Control would receive approximately 3.016% of the county-wide rate in Tax Rate Area 009-000.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2008

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Percent of Total Total Total Total Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Southern California Edison Company \$51,918 1 1.46% \$12,524 2 0.42 \$2 0.42 \$2 0.42 \$3 0.21% \$	l ole sed e 6
Southern California Edison Company \$ 51,918 1 1.46% \$ 12,524 2 0.42	6 6
	6
Courtham Colifornia Cos Company 11 000 2 0 210/ 0 044 2 0 20	
Southern California Gas Company 11,008 2 0.31% 8,944 3 0.30	6
Verizon California, Inc. 9,158 3 0.26% 4,446 8 0.15	
CPV Sentinel, LLC 7,966 4 0.22%	
Lennar Homes Of Calif Inc 3,731 5 0.10% 6,106 5 0.20	6
Costco Wholesale Corp 3,366 6 0.09%	
Blythe Energy, LLC 3,268 7 0.09%	
Ross Dress For Less Inc 3,231 8 0.09%	
Chelsea GCA Realty Partnership 3,222 9 0.09%	
Time Warner Cable Pacific West LLC 3,153 10 0.09%	
Walgreen Co 3,149 11 0.09%	
Tyler Mall LTD Partnership 3,035 12 0.09%	
KB Home Coastal Inc 2,942 13 0.08% 7,972 4 0.27	6
Castle & Cooke Corona Crossings 2,745 14 0.08%	
Inland Empire Energy Center, LLC 2,735 15 0.08%	
Centex Homes 13,896 1 0.46	6
Pulte Home Corp. 4,705 6 0.16	6
Standard Pacific Corp. 4,683 7 0.16	6
KSL Desert Resorts Inc. 4,442 9 0.15	6
Western Pacific Hoursing Inc. 3,605 10 0.12	6
Pardee Homes 3,271 11 0.11	6
Ryland Homes Holdings Corp. 3,101 12 0.10	6
Ashby USA 3,020 13 0.10	6
DS Hotel 2,932 14 0.10	6
Beazer Homes Holdings Corp. 2,631 15 0.09	6
\$ 114,627	6

Source: County Treasurer-Tax Collector

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended			d within the ar of the Levy	Collections Subsequer		Total Collections to Date			
June 30	Fiscal Year ¹	Amount	Percent of Levy ²	Years		Amount	Percent of Levy		
2007-08	\$ 46,491	\$ 48,072	100.0%	\$ 1,3	320 \$	49,392	100.0%		
2008-09	39,817	49,638	100.0%	(523	50,261	100.0%		
2009-10	38,469	40,690	100.0%	2	299	40,989	100.0%		
2010-11	38,469	38,417	99.9%	2	280	38,697	100.0%		
2011-12	38,352	37,387	97.5%	2	254	37,641	98.1%		
2012-13	38,336	37,878	98.8%	2	231	38,109	99.4%		
2013-14	39,993	39,759	99.4%		-	39,759	99.4%		
2014-15	43,862	44,015	100.0%		-	44,015	100.0%		
2015-16	46,562	46,694	100.0%		-	46,694	100.0%		
2016-17	49,009	49,563	100.0%		-	49,563	100.0%		

Notes: Delinquent taxes reported by year of collection; data by levy year unavailable.

¹ Source: Auditor-Controller - County of Riverside, Auditor-Controller's Office

² Adjusted to exclude Prior Year collections in exceess of 100%

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Governn	nent Ac	etivities						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ¹	on Assessment		P	Total rimary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income ³	Debt Per Capita ⁴		
2008	\$	- \$	4,180	\$	4,180	7.25%	\$	167	
2009		_	3,720		3,720	6.10%		155	
2010		-	2,965		2,965	4.60%		129	
2011		_	2,685		2,685	4.25%		122	
2012		_	2,380		2,380	3.70%		108	
2013		_	2,055		2,055	3.07%		69	
2014		-	1,705		1,705	2.54%		53	
2015	23,423	3	1,325		24,748	32.44%		750	
2016	22,831	L	915		23,746	30.35%		950	
2017	20,669)	475		21,144	25.16%		881	

Sources: CAFR - Long-term Debt Schedule

Assessor, County of Riverside - Assessed valuations are reported for the District only.

Special Assessment Data is reflected in the Agency Fund Financial Statements. Notes:

¹ Zone 4 Promissory Notes, net of original issuance premium

² Zone 3 Elsinore Valley Benefit Assessment

³ Personal income is disclosed in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

⁴ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ²	Per Capita ³
2007-08	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2008-09	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2009-10	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2010-11	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2011-12	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2012-13	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2013-14	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2014-15	23,423	-	23,423	0.01%	10
2015-16	22,831	-	22,831	0.01%	10
2016-17	20,669	-	20,669	0.01%	9

Sources: Notes: State of California, Department of Finance

¹ Zone 4 Promissory Notes, net of original issuance premium

² Calculation based on assessed valuations reported for the District only.

³ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2017

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Government Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping debt	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
Flood Control direct debt			20,669
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 20,669

Source: CAFR - Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Note 6 Long-term Obligations

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Y			al Year 2009	Fis	scal Year 2010	Fis	scal Year 2011	Fi	scal Year 2012	Fi	scal Year 2013	Fis	scal Year 2014	Fis	scal Year 2015	Fis	scal Year 2016	F	Siscal Year 2017
Debt Limit	\$ 6,71	1,008	\$ 3	5,877,766	\$	5,877,766	\$	5,651,236	\$	5,615,081	\$	5,600,219	\$	5,824,400	\$	1,088,169	\$	1,573,071	\$	1,675,282
Total net debt applicable to limit																(23,423)		(22,831)		(20,669)
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,71	1,008	\$ 5	5,877,766	\$	5,877,766	\$	5,651,236	\$	5,615,081	\$	5,600,219	\$	5,824,400	\$	1,064,746	\$	1,550,240	\$	1,654,613
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		2.15%		1.45%		1.23%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Assessed Value Less: Homeowners exemptions Total assessed value	\$ 44,674,185
Debt limit (lesser of 3.75% of assessed valuation or \$21,000) Debt applicable to limit:	\$ 21,000
General obligation debt	20,669
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	-
Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 20,669 331

Source: Assessor, County of Riverside - District only assesses valuation note.

Notes: Excludes voter approved, land based and special assessments debt and up to \$475 debt for administrative facilities.

Debt limit is the maximum amount of outstnading gross or net debt legally permitted (lesser of 3.75% of assessed valuation or \$21,000).

Legal debt margin is the excess of the amount of debt legally authorized over the amount of debt outstanding.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

Special Assessment Bonds

				Debt S	Service		
Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Collections		Prii	ncipal	In	terest	Coverage
2008	\$ 744		\$	435	\$	345	0.95
2009		906		460		330	1.15
2010		353		260		244	0.70
2011		323		280		222	0.64
2012		330		305		106	0.80
2013		166		325		175	0.33
2014		435		350		148	0.87
2015		259		380		119	0.52
2016		151		410		88	0.30
2017		28		440		55	0.06

Source: U.S. Bank Statements & Debt Service Schedule for Zone 3 Elsinore Valley Benefit Assessment.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Demographic and Economics Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Per Capita	
Fiscal		Median	School	Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	$\mathbf{Population}^1$	Age^1	Enrollment ¹	Income ²	Income ¹	Rate Percent ³
2007-08	2,073,571	31	596,645	\$ 57,666,983	\$ 24,885	9.5%
2008-09	2,100,516	32	593,029	61,023,518	24,301	14.0%
2009-10	2,125,440	33	622,914	64,503,728	22,657	15.3%
2010-11	2,203,332	34	660,725	63,228,086	22,373	15.0%
2011-12	2,239,620	34	651,554	64,376,498	22,359	13.0%
2012-13	2,268,783	34	664,724	67,024,780	29,927	11.1%
2013-14	2,292,507	34	658,651	72,015,057	31,742	9.5%
2014-15	2,329,271	35	666,715	76,289,477	33,278	6.6%
2015-16	2,361,026	35	660,914	78,239,388	24,739	6.7%
2016-17	2,387,741	35	660,858	84,025,987	23,783	5.7%

Sources:

¹ U.S. Census Bureau

 $^{^{2}}$ U.S. Department of Commerce - Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ State of California, Labor Market Information

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Principal Employers June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2008

		201	7	2008				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
County of Riverside	_ <u> </u>		2.27%			2.34%		
•	22,538	1		19,595	1			
University of California, Riverside	8,686	2	0.87%	6,657	3	0.79%		
March Air Reserve Base	8,500	3	0.86%	8,400	2	1.00%		
Amazon	7,500	4	0.75%					
Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center	5,739	5	0.58%	3,200	9	0.38%		
Corona-Norco Unified School District	5,399	6	0.54%					
Riverside Unified School District	4,236	7	0.43%	4,041	7	0.48%		
Pechanga Resort & Casino	4,000	8	0.40%	4,800	5	0.57%		
Riverside University Health System - Medical Center	3,876	9	0.39%					
Eisenhower Medical Center	3,665	10	0.37%	2,218	15	0.26%		
Hemet Unified School District	3,665	11	0.37%	2,270	14	0.27%		
Moreno Valley Unified School District	3,468	12	0.35%					
Morongo Casino, Resort & Spa	3,000	13	0.30%	2,360	13	0.28%		
Palm Springs Unified School District	2,948	14	0.30%	2,500	12	0.30%		
Temecula Valley Unified School District	2,905	15	0.29%	2,952	10	0.35%		
Stater Bros Markets				6,425	4	0.77%		
Abbott Vascular formerly Guidant Corp.				4,500	6	0.54%		
Riverside Community College				3,753	8	0.45%		
City of Riverside				2,600	11	0.31%		
Total	90,125		9.06%	76,271		9.08%		

Source: Riverside County Economic Development Agency

Note: Statistical table is a requirement of GASB 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Full-Time Equivalent Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-			Full-time E	quivalent E	nployees as o	f June 30			 -
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
General government										
Inspection	11	9	16	12	10	2	2	4	5	7
Administration	43	41	49	54	61	13	17	60	63	69
Public ways & facilities										
Engineering	70	73	111	112	113	158	140	119	99	96
Maintenance	58	59	74	68	69	90	83	69	82	81
NPDES	9	11	16	17	20	19	21	20	20	19
Photogrammetry operations	1	1	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	2
Subdivision operations	18	10	8	10	10	6	6	10	9	10
Encroachment permits	2	2	1	2	2	-	1	1	1	1
Hydrology services	4	3	5	4	5	4	4	4	2	2
Garage-Fleet operations	8	7	10	9	10	15	26	11	9	8
Mapping services	2	3	5	2	2	1	3	2	2	2
Data processing	9	11	16	15	14	9	10	8	4	4
Photography	1	- ,								
Total	236	230	311	307	317	318	314	308	297	301

Source: The District

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
General government										
Inspection services	218	135	105	89	150	49	75	38	52	173
Public ways and facilities										
Maintenance projects	1,095	1,121	1,172	1,169	1,198	1,141	1,151	1,142	1,162	1,310
Construction projects	235	230	272	322	371	373	343	304	323	296
NPDES - Santa Ana										
Public Education Outreach events	45	75	72	66	27	35	4	4	16	16
NPDES - Santa Margarita										
Public Education Outreach events	8	28	5	2	2	3	1	3	9	11
NPDES - Whitewater										
Public Education Outreach events	15	15	18	6	5	4	1	2	3	3
Photogrammetry operations	14	18	7	7	7	11	11	6	13	16
Subdivision operations										
Plan check cases processed	787	429	271	312	518	233	167	159	176	194
Flood plain cases processed	105	85	73	7	115	50	36	56	96	43
Enroachment permits										
Permits - Issuance and Inspection	146	214	93	441	142	165	230	103	262	143

Source: The District

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
General Government										
Buildings and improvements	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		
Equipment	12	30	10	16	24	24	17	25	27	21
Public ways and facilities										
Infrastructure										
Basins	-	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Channels	3	1	9	6	6	6	-	3	1	2
Levees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storm Drains	28	58	21	43	35	35	16	17	9	11

Source: The District